#### WYOMING PUBLIC SCHOOLS

REPORT ON FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (with required supplementary and additional supplementary information)

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013



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#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Education Wyoming Public Schools

#### **Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Wyoming Public Schools, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2013, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issue by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the District's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### **Opinions**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Wyoming Public Schools as of June 30, 2013, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### Emphasis of Matter - Change in Accounting Principle

As discussed in Note 11 to the financial statements, Wyoming Public Schools implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 62, Codification of Accounting and Financial Reporting Guidance Contained in Pre-November 30, 1989, FASB and AICPA Pronouncements, and Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 63, Financial Reporting of Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position and Statement No. 65, Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities. Our opinion is not modified with respect to these matters.

#### **Other Matters**

#### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information, as identified in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Wyoming Public Schools basic financial statements. The additional supplementary information, as identified in the table of contents, and schedule of expenditures of federal awards as required by Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations* are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audits of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated September 23, 2013 on our consideration of Wyoming Public Schools' internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Wyoming Public Schools' internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Many Costerian PC

September 23, 2013

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

This section of the Wyoming Public Schools' ("District") annual financial report presents our discussion and analysis of the District's financial performance during the fiscal year ended on June 30, 2013. Please read it in conjunction with the District's financial statements which immediately follow this section.

#### FINANCIAL OVERVIEW

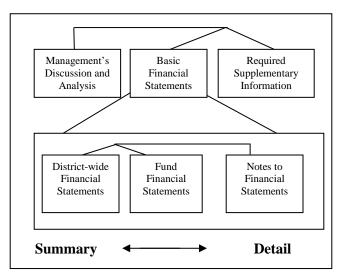
- The District's general fund financial situation improved from the 2012 fiscal year to 2013.
- For the 2012-13 school year, fund balance in the general fund was increased by \$166,965.
- During the 2012-13 school year compared to 2011-12, general fund revenues decreased by \$868,504 (1.839 percent), while expenditures decreased by \$518,884 (1.11 percent).
- Student enrollment decreased by 57 students from October of 2011 to October of 2012. This represents a decline of approximately 1.2 percent from the October 2011 figure.

#### OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This annual report consists of three parts - management's discussion and analysis (this section), the basic financial statements and required supplementary information. The basic financial statements include two kinds of statements that present different views of the District:

- The first two statements are district-wide financial statements that provide both short-term and long-term information about the District's overall financial status.
- The remaining statements are fund financial statements that focus on individual parts of the District, reporting the District's operations in more detail than the district-wide notes to financial statements.
- The governmental funds statements tell how basic services like instruction and support services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending.
- Fiduciary funds statements provide information about the financial relationships in which the District acts solely as a trustee or agent for the benefit of others.

Figure A-1 Organization of Wyoming Public Schools' Annual Financial Report



The financial statements also include notes that explain some of the information in the statements and provide more detailed data. The statements are followed by a section of required supplementary information that further explains and supports the financial statements with a comparison of the District's budget for the year. Figure A-1 shows how the various parts of this annual report are arranged and related to one another.

	Major Features of D	Figure A-2 istrict-Wide and Fund Financial Stat	tements
	District-wide Statements	Fund Fin  Governmental Funds	ancial Statements  Fiduciary Funds
Scope	Entire district (except fiduciary funds)	The activities of the district that are not proprietary or fiduciary, such as special education and building maintenance.	Instances in which the district administers resources on behalf of someone else, such as scholarship programs and student activities monies
Required financial statements	* Statement of net position * Statement of activities	* Balance sheet  * Statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances	* Statement of fiduciary assets and liabilities
Accounting basis and measurement focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus	Modified accrual accounting and current financial resources focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus
Type of asset/liability information	All assets and liabilities, both financial and capital, short-term and long-term	Generally assets expected to be used up and liabilities that come due during the year or soon thereafter; no capital assets or long-term liabilities included	All assets and liabilities, both short-term and long-term, Wyoming's funds do not currently contain capital assets, although they can
Type of inflow/outflow information	All revenues and expenses during year, regardless of when cash is received or paid	Revenues for which cash is received during or soon after the end of the year, expenditures when goods or services have been received and the related liability is due and payable	All additions and deductions during the year, regardless of when cash is received or paid

Figure A-2 summarized the major features of the District's financial statements, including the portion of the District's activities they cover and the types of information they contain. The remainder of this overview section of management's discussion and analysis highlights the structure and contents of each of the statements.

#### **DISTRICT-WIDE STATEMENTS**

The district-wide statements report information about the District as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The statements of net position include all of the District's assets, deferred outflows of resources, and liabilities. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the statement of activities regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The two district-wide statements report the District's net position and how they have changed. Net position, the difference between the District's assets, deferred outflows of resources and liabilities is one way to measure the District's financial health or position.

- Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position are an indicator of whether its financial position is improving or deteriorating, respectively.
- To assess the overall health of the District, you need to consider additional non-financial factors such as changes in the District's property tax base and the condition of school buildings and other facilities.

#### District-wide financial statements:

Governmental activities - Most of the District's basic services are included here, such as regular and special education, transportation and administration. Property taxes and state formula aid finance most of these activities.

#### **FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the District's funds, focusing on its most significant or "major" funds - not the District as a whole. Funds are accounting devices the District uses to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending on particular programs.

- Some funds are required by State law and by bond covenants.
- The District establishes other funds to control and manage money for particular purposes (like repaying debt, and its capital projects fund) or to show that it is properly using certain revenues (like school lunch).

The District has two kinds of funds.

- Governmental funds Most of the District's basic services are included in governmental funds, which generally focus on (1) how cash and other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash flow in and out and (2) the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. Consequently, the governmental funds statements provide a detailed short-term view that helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the District's programs. Because this information does not encompass the additional long-term focus of the district-wide statements, we provide additional information with the governmental funds statements that explain the relationship (or differences) between them.
- Fiduciary funds The District is the trustee, or fiduciary, for assets that belong to others, such as the scholarship fund and the student activities funds. The District is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used only for their intended purposes and by those to whom the assets belong. We exclude these activities from the district-wide financial statements because the District cannot use these assets to finance its operations.

#### FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT AS A WHOLE

Net position - The District's combined net position was more on June 30, 2013 than the year before, increasing by \$1,068,705 to \$5,719,377.

Table A-3			
Wyoming Public Schools N	et Po	osition	
		2013	Restated 2012
Assets:			
Current and other assets	\$	12,833,764	\$ 13,285,863
Capital assets		40,065,660	 41,037,746
Total assets		52,899,424	54,323,609
Deferred outflows of resources		922,314	 1,015,330
Liabilities:			
Long-term liabilities outstanding		41,067,267	45,412,372
Other liabilities		7,035,094	5,275,895
Total liabilities		48,102,361	 50,688,267
Net position:			
Net investment in capital assets		1,632,191	(721,665)
Restricted for debt service		-	45,400
Restricted for food service		188,264	244,498
Unrestricted		3,898,922	5,082,439
Total net position	\$	5,719,377	\$ 4,650,672

	2013	Restated 2012
Revenues:		
Program revenues:		
Charges for services	\$ 807,224	\$ 874,876
Federal and state categorical grants	13,794,505	14,765,673
General revenues:		
Property taxes	10,457,148	10,973,666
Investment	8,556	53,998
State aid - unrestricted	27,671,869	25,868,255
Federal sources - unrestricted	-	1,239,220
Other	1,259,296	1,125,257
Total revenues	53,998,598	54,900,945
Expenses:		
Instruction	29,519,302	29,100,009
Support services	17,060,879	16,962,634
Community services	134,006	116,032
Outgoing transfers and other transactions	1,218,279	1,203,414
Food services	2,681,353	2,323,843
Loss on sale of capital assets	-	2,264,520
Interest on long-term debt	1,871,056	1,997,521
Total expenses	52,484,875	53,967,973
Special item:		
Loss on impairment and disposal of capital assets	(445,018)	
Change in net position	\$ 1,068,705	\$ 932,972

#### FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT'S FUNDS

For the District as a whole its *combined* fund balance, is \$5,690,952 compared to \$6,899,423 in 2012. The fund balance decreased by \$1,208,471 for the year, primarily due to a decrease of \$1,017,338 in the capital projects fund.

#### **General Fund and Budget Highlights**

During the 2012-13 fiscal year the original district budget was amended once to reflect changes which affected the District. The final budget was amended to show a current year fund balance of \$4,723,130 while the actual fund balance for the year was \$5,169,246. The better-than-anticipated final result was due largely to budgeted funds going unspent at the building and departmental levels and the timing of expenses incurred.

At June 30, 2013, the District's fund balance in the general fund was \$5,169,246. Remaining fund balance represented 11.17 percent of 2012-13 general fund expenditures.

#### CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

#### **Capital Assets**

The District's capital assets are as follows:

Table A-5								
Wyoming Public Schools' Capital Assets								
	2013 2012							
		Accumulated	Net book	Net				
	Cost	Cost depreciation value						
Land	\$ 708,581	\$ -	\$ 708,581	\$ 569,711				
Land improvements	3,758,321	2,727,029	1,031,292	1,247,467				
Buildings and additions	69,616,797	69,616,797 32,415,024 37,201,773						
Furniture and equipment	5,320,530	5,320,530 4,818,704 501,826						
Transportation equipment	2,089,720	2,089,720 1,467,532 622,188						
Total	\$ 81,493,949	\$ 41,428,289	\$ 40,065,660	\$ 41,037,746				

#### LONG-TERM DEBT

At June 30, 2013, the District had approximately \$41.1 million in long-term obligations which included \$39,355,783 in outstanding bonded debt. The bonded debt obligation was reduced during the year as \$3,302,635 of previously outstanding bonds were redeemed. In addition to the bonded debt, the District has obligations for accumulated compensated absences and termination benefits estimated at roughly \$1.7 million at the end of the fiscal year. More detailed information is available in Note 5 to the financial statements.

#### FACTORS BEARING ON THE DISTRICT'S FUTURE

At the time these financial statements were prepared and audited, the District was aware of the following items that could significantly affect its financial health in the future:

- The District must compete for students with neighboring Districts due to schools of choice laws in Michigan. Part of attracting and retaining students is providing attractive and up-to-date facilities. The District is seeking a significant investment from taxpayers in November of 2013 that would allow for additions, upgrades and renovations across all operating school buildings. A failure of that millage request could impair the District's ability to successfully attract new students, as neighboring communities and Districts have been able to update their facilities recently.
- The State of Michigan has experienced some positive economic momentum in the last year or two. It is yet to be seen if that growth will (1) continue and (2) translate into additional, sustainable revenue for the School Aid Fund. The District can manage expenses-and has done so quite effectively-but the District has no control over its revenue allocation from the State. Continuing to operate with little or no increase in per pupil revenue will be difficult without beginning to deplete the District's modest cash reserves.
- The District settled three-year contracts with its two bargaining units in the spring of 2013. The contracts were fair and affordable and put the District in solid control of costs moving forward. The three-year duration (through August of 2016) will provide a period of certainty for the District and its bargaining unit employees.

#### CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to demonstrate the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report, or need additional information, please contact the Director of Finance's office at Wyoming Public Schools, 3575 Gladiola Avenue SW, Wyoming, MI 49519.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### WYOMING PUBLIC SCHOOLS STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2013

	Governmental activities
ASSETS:	
Cash	\$ 4,057,345
Receivables:	
Accounts receivable	15,040
Taxes receivable	2,769
Intergovernmental	7,923,844
Due from student activities	4,006
Inventories	64,121
Prepaids	369,940
Land contract receivable	396,699
Capital assets not being depreciated	708,581
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	39,357,079
TOTAL ASSETS	52,899,424
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES:	
Deferred charge on refunding	922,314
LIABILITIES:	
Accounts payable	442,658
Accrued salaries and related items	3,478,170
Intergovernmental	2,038,394
Accrued interest	291,750
Unearned revenue	784,122
Noncurrent liabilities:	
Due within one year	3,460,250
Due in more than one year	37,607,017
TOTAL LIABILITIES	48,102,361
NET POSITION:	
Net investment in capital assets	1,632,191
Restricted for:	
Food service	188,264
Unrestricted	3,898,922_
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ 5,719,377

#### WYOMING PUBLIC SCHOOLS STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

					Governmental activities
			n		Net (expense)
		Ch	Progran	Operating	revenue and changes in
Functions/programs	Expenses		services	grants	net position
Governmental activities:					
Instruction	\$ 29,519,302	\$	35,880	\$ 9,906,459	\$ (19,576,963)
Support services	17,060,879		461,658	1,557,138	(15,042,083)
Community services	134,006		-	-	(134,006)
Outgoing transfers and other transactions	1,218,279		-	-	(1,218,279)
Food services	2,681,353		309,686	2,325,308	(46,359)
Interest on long-term debt	1,871,056		-	5,600	(1,865,456)
Total governmental activities	\$ 52,484,875	\$	807,224	\$ 13,794,505	(37,883,146)
General revenues:					
Property taxes, levied for general purposes					5,685,908
Property taxes, levied for debt service					4,771,240
Investment earnings					8,556
State sources					27,671,869
Other					1,259,296
Total general revenues					39,396,869
Special item:					
Loss on impairment and disposal of capital	assets				(445,018)
CHANGE IN NET POSITION					1,068,705
NET POSITION, beginning of year (as resta	nted)				4,650,672
NET POSITION, end of year					\$ 5,719,377

# WYOMING PUBLIC SCHOOLS BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2013

	Capital General Fund Projects Fund		-	Total nonmajor funds		Total governmental funds		
ASSETS:								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	3,159,479	\$	369,168	\$	528,698	\$	4,057,345
Receivables:								
Property taxes receivable		2,769		-		-		2,769
Accounts receivable		14,345		695		-		15,040
Land contract receivable		-		396,699		-		396,699
Intergovernmental		7,879,941		-		43,903		7,923,844
Due from other funds		230,269		-		73,855		304,124
Due from student activities		4,006		-		-		4,006
Inventories		34,223		-		29,898		64,121
Prepaids		219,940		-		150,000		369,940
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	11,544,972	\$	766,562	\$	826,354	\$	13,137,888
LIABILITIES:								
Accounts payable	\$	176,577	\$	228,261	\$	37,820	\$	442,658
Accrued salaries and related items		3,457,811		-		20,359		3,478,170
Intergovernmental		1,947,826		-		90,568		2,038,394
Due to other funds		13,855		47,150		243,119		304,124
Unearned revenue		776,888		-		7,234		784,122
TOTAL LIABILITIES		6,372,957		275,411		399,100		7,047,468
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES:								
Unavailable revenue - Land Contract		-		396,699		-		396,699
Unavailable revenue - Property Taxes		2,769				_		2,769
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		2,769		396,699		-		399,468

	General Fund	Capital Projects Fund	Total nonmajor funds	gı	Total overnmental funds
FUND BALANCES:					
Nonspendable:					
Inventories	34,223	-	29,898		64,121
Prepaids	219,940	=	150,000		369,940
Restricted for:			<b>7</b> 0.00 <b>0</b>		<b>7</b> 0.00 <b>2</b>
Debt service	-	-	59,092		59,092
Food service	-	-	188,264		188,264
Assigned for: Capital projects		94,452			94.452
Subsequent years expenditures	290,912	94,432	<del>-</del>		290,912
Unassigned	4,624,171	_	_		4,624,171
TOTAL FUND BALANCES	5,169,246	94,452	427,254		5,690,952
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES	\$ 11,544,972	\$ 766,562	\$ 826,354	\$	13,137,888
Total governmental fund balances				\$	5,690,952
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:					
Deferred charge on refunding, net of amortization					922,314
The land contract receivable generated from the sale of property is recognized as revenue on the Statement of Activities in the year of sale.					396,699
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and are not reported in the funds  The cost of the capital assets is  Accumulated depreciation is			\$ 81,493,949 (41,428,289)		
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and			(41,428,289)		40,065,660
are not reported in the funds:  Bonds payable					(39,355,783)
Compensated absences and termination benefits					(1,711,484)
Accrued interest is not included as a liability in government funds, it is	recorded when paid				(291,750)
Unavailable revenue at June 30, 2013, expected to be collected after Se					2,769
Net position of governmental activities	1 , , , ,			\$	5,719,377
The position of governmental activities				Ψ	3,117,311

## WYOMING PUBLIC SCHOOLS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

	General Fund	Capital Projects Fund	Total nonmajor funds	Total governmental funds
REVENUES:				
Local sources:				
Property taxes	\$ 5,683,139	\$ -	\$ 4,771,240	\$ 10,454,379
Tuition	35,880	-	-	35,880
Investment earnings	5,154	709	2,693	8,556
Food sales, athletics, and community service	36,510	-	309,686	346,196
Other	1,419,504	132,043	711	1,552,258
Total local sources	7,180,187	132,752	5,084,330	12,397,269
State sources	30,373,049	-	199,829	30,572,878
Federal sources	4,945,646	-	2,248,714	7,194,360
Incoming transfers and other	3,860,749			3,860,749
Total revenues	46,359,631	132,752	7,532,873	54,025,256
EXPENDITURES:				
Current:				
Instruction	28,190,418	-	-	28,190,418
Supporting services	16,767,486	-	-	16,767,486
Food service activities	-	-	2,425,867	2,425,867
Community service activities	115,416	-	-	115,416
Outgoing transfers and other transactions	1,218,279	-	-	1,218,279
Capital outlay	-	1,150,090	167,583	1,317,673

	General Fund	Capital Projects Fund	Total nonmajor funds	Total governmental funds
EXPENDITURES (Concluded)				
Debt service:				
Principal repayment	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 3,302,635	\$ 3,302,635
Interest	-	-	1,894,887	1,894,887
Other			1,066	1,066
Total expenditures	46,291,599	1,150,090	7,792,038	55,233,727
EXCESS OF EXPENDITURES OVER REVENUES	68,032	(1,017,338)	(259,165)	(1,208,471)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):				
Transfers in	98,933	-	-	98,933
Transfers out	<u> </u>		(98,933)	(98,933)
Total other financing sources (uses)	98,933		(98,933)	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	166,965	(1,017,338)	(358,098)	(1,208,471)
FUND BALANCES:				
Beginning of year	5,002,281	1,111,790	785,352	6,899,423
End of year	\$ 5,169,246	\$ 94,452	\$ 427,254	\$ 5,690,952

# WYOMING PUBLIC SCHOOLS RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

Net change in fund balances total governmental funds	\$ (1,208,471)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. In the statement of activities these costs are allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation.	
Depreciation expense	(1,859,006)
Capital outlay	1,331,938
Loss on impairment and disposal of capital assets	(445,018)
Accrued interest on bonds is recorded in the statement of activities when incurred; it is not recorded in governmental funds until it is paid:	
Accrued interest payable, beginning of the year	315,581
Accrued interest payable, end of the year	(291,750)
Collections on the land contract receivable are revenues in the governmental funds, but decrease assets in the Statement of Net Position.	(29,427)
The issuance of long-term debt (e.g., bonds) provides current financial resources to	(2), (2))
governmental funds, while the repayment of principal of long-term debt consumes the	
current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has	
any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums,	
discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts	
are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. The effect of these	
differences is the treatment of long-term debt and related items and are as follows:	
Payments on debt	3,302,635
Amortization of deferred loss on refunding	(93,016)
Amortization of bond premium	128,813
Amortization of bond discount	(12,490)
Revenue is recorded on the accrual method in the statement of activities; in the	
governmental funds it is recorded on the modified accrual method and not	
considered available:	
Unavailable revenue - property taxes, beginning of the year	-
Unavailable revenue - proterty taxes, end of the year	2,769
Compensated absences are reported on the accrual method in the statement of	
activities, and recorded as an expenditure when financial resources are used in the	
governmental funds:	
Accrued compensated absences and termination benefits, beginning of the year	1,637,631
Accrued compensated absences and termination benefits, end of the year	 (1,711,484)
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$ 1,068,705

#### WYOMING PUBLIC SCHOOLS STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY ASSETS AND LIABILITIES JUNE 30, 2013

	Agency fund
ASSETS: Cash	\$ 277,577
LIABILITIES:	
Accounts payable	\$ 12,170
Accounts payable - primary government	4,006
Due to student and other groups	261,401
TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$ 277,577

#### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### A. Description of Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the District. All fiduciary activities are reported only in the fund financial statements. *Governmental activities* normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues.

#### **B.** Reporting Entity

The Wyoming Public Schools (the "District") is governed by the Wyoming Public Schools Board of Education (the "Board"), which has responsibility and control over all activities related to public school education within the District. The District receives funding from local, state, and federal sources and must comply with all of the requirements of these funding source entities. However, the District is not included in any other governmental reporting entity as defined by the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Board members are elected by the public and have decision-making authority, the power to designate management, the ability to significantly influence operations, and the primary accountability for fiscal matters. In addition, the District's reporting entity does not contain any component units as defined in Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statements.

#### C. Basis of Presentation - Government-wide Financial Statements

While separate government-wide and fund financial statements are presented, they are interrelated. The governmental activities column incorporates data from the governmental funds. Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements.

#### D. Basis of Presentation - Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide information about the District's funds, including its fiduciary funds. Separate statements for each fund category - governmental and fiduciary - are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental funds. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

#### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### **D.** Basis of Presentation - Fund Financial Statements (Concluded)

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

The *general fund* is the District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the District, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The *capital projects fund* accounts for the transfers from the general fund and sales of capital assets for the acquisition of fixed assets.

#### Other non-major funds

The *special revenue funds* account for revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for specific purposes (not including expendable trusts or major capital projects). The District accounts for its food service activities in the special revenue fund.

The *debt service funds* account for the resources accumulated and payments made for principal and interest on long-term general obligation debt of governmental funds.

**Fiduciary Funds** account for assets held by the District in a trustee capacity or as an agent on behalf of others. Trust funds account for assets held by the District under the terms of a formal trust agreement. Fiduciary funds are not included in the government-wide statements.

The *agency fund* is custodial in nature and does not present results of operations or have a measurement focus. Agency funds are accounted for using the accrual basis of accounting. This fund is used to account for assets that the District holds for others in an agency capacity (primarily student activities).

During the course of operations the District has activity between funds for various purposes. Any residual balances outstanding at year end are reported as due from/to other funds and advances to/from other funds. While these balances are reported in fund financial statements, they are eliminated in the preparation of the government-wide financial statements.

Further, certain activity occurs during the year involving transfers of resources between funds. In fund financial statements these amounts are reported at gross amounts as transfers in/out. While reported in fund financial statements, they are eliminated in the preparation of the government-wide financial statements.

#### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### E. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The accounting and financial reporting treatment is determined by the applicable measurement focus and basis of accounting. Measurement focus indicates the type of resources being measured such as *current financial resources* or *economic resources*. The basis of accounting indicates the timing of transactions or events for recognition in the financial statements.

The process of preparing financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires the use of estimates and assumptions regarding certain types of assets, liabilities, revenues, and expenses. Such estimates primarily relate to unsettled transactions and events as of the date of the financial statements. Accordingly, upon settlement, actual results may differ from estimated amounts.

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources* measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

The governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources* measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the District considers revenues to be available if they are generally collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences, and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Issuance of long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

Property taxes, state and federal aid, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Expenditure-driven grants are recognized as revenue when the qualifying expenditures have been incurred and all other eligibility requirements have been met, and the amount is received during the period or within the availability period for this revenue source (within 60 days of year end).

#### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### E. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting (Concluded)

The State of Michigan utilizes a foundation grant approach which provides for a specific annual amount of revenue per pupil based on a statewide formula. The Foundation is funded from state and local sources. Revenues from state sources are primarily governed by the School Aid Act and the School Code of Michigan. The Michigan Department of Education administers the allocation of state funds to school districts based on information supplied by the districts. For the current year ended, the foundation allowance was based on pupil membership counts taken in February and October of the previous calendar year.

The state portion of the Foundation is provided primarily by a state education property tax millage of 6 mills on Principal Residence Exemption (PRE) property and an allocated portion of state sales and other taxes. The local portion of the Foundation is funded primarily by Non-PRE property taxes which may be levied at a rate of up to 18 mills as well as 6 mills for Commercial Personal Property Tax. The state revenue is recognized during the foundation period and is funded through payments from October to August. Thus, the unpaid portion at June 30 is reported as an intergovernmental receivable.

The District also receives revenue from the state to administer certain categorical education programs. State rules require that revenue earmarked for these programs be used for its specific purpose. Certain governmental funds require an accounting to the state of the expenditures incurred. For categorical funds meeting this requirement, funds received and accrued, which are not expended by the close of the fiscal year are recorded as unearned revenue.

All other revenue items are generally considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the District.

#### F. Budgetary Information

Budgetary basis of accounting:

Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles for the general fund and special revenue funds. The capital projects fund is appropriated on a project-length basis. Other funds do not have appropriated budgets.

Appropriations in all budgeted funds lapse at the end of the fiscal year even if they have related encumbrances. Encumbrances are commitments related to unperformed (executor) contracts for goods or services (i.e., purchase orders, contracts, and commitments). The District does not utilize encumbrance accounting.

#### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### F. Budgetary Information (Concluded)

The District follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- 1. The Superintendent submits to the School Board a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing on July 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them. The level of control for the budgets is at the functional level as set forth and presented as required supplementary information.
- 2. Public hearings are conducted to obtain taxpayer comments.
- 3. Prior to July 1, the budget is legally adopted by School Board resolution pursuant to the Uniform Budgeting and Accounting Act (1968 PA 2). The Act requires that the budget be amended prior to the end of the fiscal year when necessary to adjust appropriations if it appears that revenues and other financing sources will be less than anticipated or so that expenditures will not be in excess of original estimates. Expenditures shall not be made or incurred, unless authorized in the budget, in excess of the amount appropriated. Violations, if any, in the general fund are noted in the required supplementary information section.
- 4. Transfers may be made for budgeted amounts between major expenditure functions within any fund; however, these transfers and any revisions that alter the total expenditures of any fund must be approved by the School Board.
- 5. The budget was amended during the year with supplemental appropriations, the last one approved prior to year end June 30, 2013. The District does not consider these amendments to be significant.

#### G. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position/Fund Balance

#### 1. Cash and cash equivalents

The District's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

#### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

## G. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position/Fund Balance (Continued)

#### 2. Investments

Certain investments are valued at fair value as determined by quoted market prices, or by estimated fair values when quoted market prices are not available. Standards also provide that certain investments are valued at cost (or amortized cost) when they are of a short-term duration, the rate of return is fixed, and the District intends to hold the investment until maturity.

State statutes authorize the District to invest in bonds and other direct and certain indirect obligations of the U.S. Treasury; certificates of deposit, savings accounts, deposit accounts, or depository receipts of a bank, savings and loan association, or credit union, which is a member of the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, Federal Savings and Loan Insurance Corporation, or National Credit Union Administration, respectively; in commercial paper rated at the time of purchase within the three highest classifications established by not less than two standard rating services and which matures not more than 270 days after the date of purchase. The District is also authorized to invest in U.S. District or federal agency obligation repurchase agreements, bankers' acceptances of U.S. banks, and mutual funds composed of investments as outlined above.

#### 3. Inventories and prepaid items

Inventories are valued at cost using the first-in/first-out (FIFO) method and consist of expendable supplies. The cost of such inventories is recorded as expenditures/expenses when consumed rather than when purchased.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both the government-wide and fund financial statements. The cost of prepaid items is recorded as expenditures/expenses when consumed rather than when purchased.

#### 4. Capital assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and transportation vehicles, are reported in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Group purchases are evaluated on a case by case basis. Donated capital assets are recorded at their estimated fair value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized. Improvements are capitalized and depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets.

#### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

## G. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position/Fund Balance (Continued)

#### 4. Capital asset (Concluded)

Land and construction in progress are not depreciated. The other property, plant, and equipment of the District are depreciated using the straight line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Buildings and additions40 - 50 yearsFurniture and equipment3 - 10 yearsTransportation equipment5 - 10 yearsLand Improvements10 - 20 years

#### 5. Deferred outflows/inflows of resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The District only has one item that qualifies for reporting in this category. It is the deferred charge on refunding reported in the government-wide statement of net position. A deferred charge on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The District has only one type of item, which arises only under a modified accrual basis of accounting that qualifies for reporting in this category. Accordingly, the item, unavailable revenue, is reported only in the governmental funds balance sheet. The governmental funds report unavailable revenues primarily from two sources: property taxes and receipts that exceeded 60 days of year end. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available.

#### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

## G. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position/Fund Balance (Continued)

#### 6. Net position flow assumption

Sometimes the District will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (e.g., restricted bond or grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted - net position and unrestricted - net position in the government-wide financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the District's policy to consider restricted - net position to have been depleted before unrestricted - net position is applied.

#### 7. Fund balance flow assumptions

Sometimes the District will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted and unrestricted resources (the total of committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance). In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance in the governmental fund financial statements a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the District's policy to consider restricted fund balance to have been depleted before using any of the components of unrestricted fund balance. Further, when the components of unrestricted fund balance can be used for the same purpose, committed fund balance is depleted first, followed by assigned fund balance. Unassigned fund balance is applied last.

#### 8. Fund balance policies

Fund balance of governmental funds is reported in various categories based on the nature of any limitations requiring the use of resources for specific purposes. The District itself can establish limitations on the use of resources through either a commitment (committed fund balance) or an assignment (assigned fund balance).

The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by a formal action of the District's highest level of decision-making authority. The board of education is the highest level of decision-making authority for the District that can, by adoption of a board action prior to the end of the fiscal year, commit fund balance. Once adopted, the limitation imposed by the board action remains in place until a similar action is taken (the adoption of another board action) to remove or revise the limitation.

#### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

## G. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position/Fund Balance (Concluded)

#### 8. Fund balance policies (Concluded)

Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the District for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as committed. The board of education has by resolution authorized the superintendent and finance director to assign fund balance. The board of education may also assign fund balance as it does when appropriating fund balance to cover a gap between estimated revenue and appropriations in the subsequent year's appropriated budget. Unlike commitments, assignments generally only exist temporarily. In other words, an additional action does not normally have to be taken for the removal of an assignment. Conversely, as discussed above, an additional action is essential to either remove or revise a commitment.

#### H. Revenues and Expenditures/Expenses

#### 1. Program revenues

Amounts reported as *program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment, and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational requirements of a particular function or segment. All taxes, including those dedicated for specific purposes, unrestricted state aid, interest, and other internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues.

#### 2. Property taxes

Property taxes levied by the District are collected by various municipalities and periodically remitted to the District. The taxes are levied and become a lien as of July 1 and December 1 and are due upon receipt of the billing by the taxpayer and become a lien on the first day of the levy year. The actual due dates are September 14 and February 14, after which time the bills become delinquent and penalties and interest may be assessed by the collecting entity.

#### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Concluded)

#### H. Revenues and Expenditures/Expenses (Concluded)

#### 2. Property taxes (Concluded)

For the year ended June 30, 2013, the District levied the following amounts per \$1,000 of assessed valuation:

Fund	Mills
General fund:	
Non-Principal Residence Exemption (PRE)	18.00
Commercial Personal Property	6.00
Debt service fund:	
PRE, Non-PRE, Commercial Personal Property	5.85

#### 3. Compensated absences

The District's policy permits employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation and sick leave benefits, which are eligible for payment upon separation from service. The liability for such leave is reported as incurred in the government- wide financial statements. A liability for those amounts is recorded in the governmental funds only if the liability has matured as a result of employee resignations or retirements. The liability for compensated absences includes salary-related benefits, where applicable.

#### 4. Long-term obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities on the statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight line method which approximates the effective interest method over the term of the related debt. Bond issuance costs are reported as expenditures in the year in which they are incurred.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

#### **NOTE 2 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS**

The District had no investments at June 30, 2013.

**Interest rate risk**. In accordance with its investment policy, the District will minimize interest rate risk, which is the risk that the market value of securities in the portfolio will fall due to changes in market interest rates, by; structuring the investment portfolio so that securities mature to meet cash requirements for ongoing operations, thereby avoiding the need to sell securities in the open market; and, investing operating funds primarily in shorter-term securities, liquid asset funds, money market mutual funds, or similar investment pools and limiting the average maturity in accordance with the District's cash requirements.

**Credit risk**. State law limits investments in commercial paper and corporate bonds to a prime or better rating issued by nationally recognized statistical rating organizations (NRSROs). As of June 30, 2013, the District did not have investments in commercial paper and corporate bonds.

**Concentration of credit risk**. The District will minimize concentration of credit risk, which is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of the District's investment in a single issuer, by diversifying the investment portfolio so that the impact of potential losses from any one type of security or issuer will be minimized.

**Custodial credit risk - deposits.** In the case of deposits, this is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned to it. As of June 30, 2013, \$4,684,583 of the District's bank balance of \$4,934,583 was exposed to custodial credit risk because it was uninsured and uncollateralized. The carrying amount is \$4,334,922.

**Custodial credit risk - investments.** For an investment, this is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the District will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party.

The District will minimize custodial credit risk, which is the risk of loss due to the failure of the security issuer or backer, by; limiting investments to the types of securities allowed by law; and pre-qualifying the financial institutions, broker/dealers, intermediaries and advisors with which the District will do business.

**Foreign currency risk.** The District is not authorized to invest in investments which have this type of risk.

At June 30, 2013, the carrying amount is as follows:

Deposits - including fiduciary funds of \$277,577

\$ 4.334.922

#### NOTE 2 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Concluded)

The above amounts are reported in the financial statements as follows:

Fiduciary Fund \$ 277,577

Government wide:
Current assets:
Cash 4,057,345
\$ 4,334,922

#### **NOTE 3 - CAPITAL ASSETS**

A summary of changes in the District's capital assets follows:

	Balance		Deletions	Balance	
	July 1, 2012	Additions	(Reclassifications)	June 30, 2013	
Assets not being depreciated:					
Land	\$ 569,711	\$ 138,870	\$ -	\$ 708,581	
Other capital assets:					
Land improvements	3,737,808	20,513	-	3,758,321	
Buildings and additions	69,260,433	804,444	448,080	69,616,797	
Furniture and equipment	5,180,106	213,393	72,969	5,320,530	
Transportation equipment	1,935,002	154,718	-	2,089,720	
Subtotal	80,113,349	1,193,068	521,049	80,785,368	
Accumulated depreciation:					
Land improvements	2,490,341	236,688	-	2,727,029	
Buildings and additions	31,215,064	1,222,876	22,916	32,415,024	
Furniture and equipment	4,593,858	277,961	53,115	4,818,704	
Transportation equipment	1,346,051	121,481		1,467,532	
Total accumulated					
depreciation	39,645,314	1,859,006	76,031	41,428,289	
Net capital assets being					
depreciated	40,468,035	(665,938)	445,018	39,357,079	
Net governmental capital assets	\$ 41,037,746	\$ (527,068)	\$ 445,018	\$ 40,065,660	

#### **NOTE 3 - CAPITAL ASSETS (Concluded)**

Depreciation expense was charged to programs of the District as follows:

Governmental activities:

Food service	\$ 92,951
Community service	18,590
Support services	446,161
Instruction	 1,301,304
Total governmental activities	\$ 1,859,006

#### NOTE 4 - INTERGOVERNMENTAL RECEIVABLES

Intergovernmental receivables at June 30, 2013 consist of the following:

	Go	vernmental funds
Other intergovernmental units:		
State aid	\$	6,130,668
Federal revenue		1,237,950
ISD and other		555,226
	\$	7,923,844

Amounts due from other intergovernmental units include amounts due from federal, state and local sources for various projects and programs.

No allowance for doubtful accounts is considered necessary.

#### **NOTE 5 - LONG-TERM DEBT**

The District issues general obligation bonds to provide funds for the acquisition, construction and improvement of major capital facilities. General obligation bonds are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the District.

#### **NOTE 5 - LONG-TERM DEBT (Continued)**

The following is a summary of governmental long-term obligations for the District for the year ended June 30, 2013:

	co ab	ecumulated mpensated sences and nation benefits	Bonds and other debt	Total
Balance, July 1, 2012 (as restated)	\$	1,637,631	\$ 42,774,741	\$ 44,412,372
Deletions		73,853	(3,418,958)	(3,345,105)
Balance, June 30, 2013		1,711,484	39,355,783	41,067,267
Due within one year		110,250	3,350,000	3,460,250
Total due in more than one year	\$	1,601,234	\$ 36,005,783	\$ 37,607,017
Bonds payable at June 30, 2013 is comprised of the following issues:  2003 refunding bonds due in annual installments of \$75,000 to \$95,000 through May 1, 2022 with interest from 3.60% to 4.35%.  \$765,000 \$765,000 to \$1,900,000				
through May 1, 2023 with interest of 2007 building and site bonds due \$1,950,000 through May 1, 2022 with through May 1,	18,965,000 12,150,000			
2009 refunding bonds due in annual installments of \$600,000 to \$815,000 through May 1, 2022 with interest from 2.75% to 3.75%.				6,280,000
Less unamortized discount	(132,090)			
Plus: premium on bond refunding				1,327,873
Total general obligation de	39,355,783			
Obligation under contract for compensated absences and termination benefits				
Total general long-term debt \$2				

#### NOTE 5 - LONG-TERM DEBT (Concluded)

In prior years, the District defeased certain general obligation bonds by placing the proceeds of new bonds in an irrevocable trust to provide for all future debt service payments on the old bonds. Accordingly, the trust account, assets and liabilities for the defeased bonds are not included in the District's financial statements. At June 30, 2013, \$28,430,000 bonds outstanding are considered defeased.

The annual requirements to amortize debt outstanding as of June 30, 2013, including interest payments of \$9,699,398 are as follows:

Year ending June 30,	Principal	Interest	Amounts payable
2014 2015 2016 2017 2018 2019 - 2023	\$ 3,350,000 3,495,000 3,660,000 3,835,000 4,015,000 19,805,000	\$ 1,750,498 1,605,410 1,439,084 1,264,454 1,085,142 2,554,810	\$ 5,100,498 5,100,410 5,099,084 5,099,454 5,100,142 22,359,810
Discounts on bond refunding Premium on bond refunding Accumulated compensated absences and termination benefits	38,160,000 (132,090) 1,327,873 1,711,484 \$41,067,267	9,699,398	47,859,398 (132,090) 1,327,873 1,711,484 \$ 50,766,665

#### NOTE 6 - INTERFUND RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES

Interfund payable and receivable balances at June 30, 2013 are as follows:

Receivable	fund		Payable	fund	
General fund Special revenue Debt service	\$	230,269 13,855 60,000	General fund Debt service Special revenue Capital projects	\$	13,855 60,000 183,119 47,150
	\$	304,124	<del>-</del>	\$	304,124

The outstanding balances between funds result mainly from the time lag between the dates that (1) interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, (2) transactions are recorded in the accounting system, and (3) payments between funds are made.

#### NOTE 7 - DEFINED BENEFIT PLAN AND POST RETIREMENT BENEFITS

<u>Plan Description</u> - The District participates in the statewide Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement System (System) which is a cost-sharing, multiple employer, state-wide, defined benefit public employee retirement plan governed by the State of Michigan (State) originally created under Public Act 136 of 1945, recodified and currently operating under the provisions of Public Act 300 of 1980, as amended. Section 25 of this act establishes the board's authority to promulgate or amend the provisions of the System. The System's pension plan was established by the State to provide retirement, survivor, and disability benefits to public school employees. In addition, the System's health plan provides all retirees with the option of receiving health, dental and vision coverage under the Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement Act.

The System's financial statements are included as a pension and other employee benefit trust fund in the State of Michigan Comprehensive Annual Financial Report. The MPSERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for MPSERS. That report may be obtained by writing to Michigan Public School Employees Retirement System, P.O. Box 30171, Lansing, Michigan 48909-7671 or by calling (800) 381-5111. It is also available at http://www.michigan.gov/orsschools.

The System is administered by the Office of Retirement Services within the Michigan Department of Technology, Management & Budget. The Department Director appoints the Office Director who serves as Executive Secretary to the System's Board, with whom the general oversight of the System resides. The State Treasurer serves as the investment officer and custodian for the System.

### **Benefit Provisions - Pension**

### Introduction

Benefit provisions of the defined benefit pension plan are established by State statute, which may be amended. Public Act 300 of 1980, as amended, establishes eligibility and benefit provisions for the defined benefit (DB) pension plan. Retirement benefits for DB plan members are determined by final average compensation and years of service. DB members are eligible to receive a monthly benefit when they meet certain age and service requirements. The System also provides disability and survivor benefits to DB plan members. A DB member or Pension Plus hybrid plan member who leaves Michigan public school employment may request a refund of his or her member contributions to the retirement system account. A refund cancels a former member's rights to future benefits. However, returning members who previously received a refund of their contributions may reinstate their service through repayment of the refund upon satisfaction of certain requirements.

### NOTE 7 - DEFINED BENEFIT PLAN AND POST RETIREMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

### **Benefit Provisions - Pension (Continued)**

### Pension Reform 2010

On May 19, 2010, the Governor signed Public Act 75 of 2010 into law. As a result, any member of the Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement System (MPSERS) who became a member of MPSERS after June 30, 2010 is a Pension Plus member. Pension Plus is a hybrid plan that contains a pension component with an employee contribution (graded, up to 6.4% of salary) and a flexible and transferable defined contribution (DC) tax-deferred investment account that earns an employer match of 50% (up to 1% of salary) on employee contributions. Retirement benefits for Pension Plus members are determined by final average compensation and years of service. Disability and survivor benefits are available to Pension Plus members.

### Pension Reform 2012

On September 4, 2012, the Governor signed Public Act 300 of 2012 into law. The legislation grants all active members who first became a member before July 1, 2010 and who earned service credit in the 12 months ending September 3, 2012, or were on an approved professional services or military leave of absence on September 3, 2012, a voluntary e lection regarding their pension. Any changes to a member's pension are effective as of the member's *transition date*, which is defined as the first day of the pay period that begins on or after December 1, 2012, subsequently amended to February 1, 2013. Under the reform, members voluntarily chose to increase, maintain, or stop their contributions to the pension fund.

Option 1 - members voluntarily elected to increase their contributions to the pension fund as noted below, and retain the 1.5% pension factor in their pension formula. The increased contribution would begin as of their transition date and continue until they terminate public school employment.

- Basic Plan members: 4% contribution
- MIP-Fixed, MIP-Graded, and MIP-Plus members: a flat 7% contribution

Option 2 -members voluntarily elected to increase their contribution to the pension fund as stated in Option 1 and retain the 1.5% pension factor in their pension formula. The increased contribution would begin as of their transition date and continue until they reach 30 years of service. If and when they reach 30 years of service, their contribution rates will return to the previous level in place as of the day before their transition date (0% for Basic Plan members, 3.9% for MIP-Fixed, up to 4.3% for MIP-Graded, or up to 6.4% for MIP-Plus). The pension formula for any service thereafter would include a 1.25% pension factor.

### NOTE 7 - DEFINED BENEFIT PLAN AND POST RETIREMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

### **Benefit Provisions - Pension (Concluded)**

Option 3 - members voluntarily elected not to increase their contribution to the pension fund and maintain their current level of contribution to the pension fund. The pension formula for their years of service as of the day before their transition date will include a 1.5% pension factor. The pension formula for any service thereafter will include a 1.25% pension factor.

Option 4 - members voluntarily elected to no longer contribute to the pension fund and therefore are switched to the Defined Contribution plan for future service as of their transition date. As a DC participant they receive a 4% employer contribution to a tax-deferred 401(k) account and can choose to contribute up to the maximum amounts permitted by the IRS to a 457 account. They vest in employer contributions and related earnings in their 401(k) account based on the following schedule: 50% at 2 years, 75% at 3 years, and 100% at 4 years of service. They are 100% vested in any personal contributions and related earnings in their 457 account. Upon retirement, if they meet age and service requirements (including their *total* years of service), they would also receive a pension (calculated based on years of service and Final Average Compensation as of the day before their transition date and a 1.5% pension factor).

Members who did not make an election before the deadline defaulted to Option 3 as described above. Deferred or nonvested public school employees on September 3, 2012, who return to public school employment on or after September 4, 2012, will be considered as if they had elected Option 3 above. Returning members who made the retirement plan election will retain whichever option they chose.

Employees who first work on or after September 4, 2012, choose between two retirement plans: the Pension Plus hybrid plan described above and a Defined Contribution (DC) plan that provides a 50% employer match (up to 3% of salary) on employee contributions. New employees are automatically enrolled as members in the Pension Plus plan as of their date of hire. They have 75 days from the last day of their first pay period to elect to opt out of the Pension Plus hybrid plan and become a qualified participant in the DC plan; if no election is made they will remain in the Pension Plus hybrid plan. If they elect to opt out of the Pension Plus hybrid plan, their participation in the DC plan will be retroactive to their date of hire.

### NOTE 7 - DEFINED BENEFIT PLAN AND POST RETIREMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

### **Funding Policy**

#### Member Contributions

Mandatory member contributions were phased out between 1974 and 1977, with the plan remaining noncontributory until January 1, 1987, when the Member Investment Plan (MIP) was enacted. MIP members enrolled prior to January 1, 1990, contribute at a permanently fixed rate of 3.9% of gross wages. The MIP contribution rate was 4.0% from January 1, 1987, the effective date of the MIP, until January 1, 1990, when it was reduced to 3.9%. Members first hired between January 1, 1990 and June 30, 2008, and returning members who did not work between January 1, 1987 through December 31, 1989, contribute at the following graduated permanently fixed contribution rates: 3% of the first \$5,000; 3.6% of \$5,001 through \$15,000; 4.3% of all wages over \$15,000. Members first hired July 1, 2008, or later including Pension Plus Plan members, contribute at the following graduated permanently fixed contribution rates: 3% of the first \$5,000; 3.6% of \$5,001 through \$15,000; 6.4% of all wages over \$15,000.

Basic Plan members make no contributions. For a limited period ending December 31, 1992, an active Basic Plan Member could enroll in the MIP by paying the contributions that would have been made had enrollment occurred initially on January 1, 1987, or on the date of hire, plus interest. MIP contributions at the rate of 3.9% of gross wages begin at enrollment. Actuarial rate of interest is posted to member accounts on July 1st on all MIP monies on deposit for 12 months. If a member leaves public school service and no pension is payable, the member's accumulated contributions plus interest, if any, are refundable.

Under Public Act 300 of 2012, eligible members voluntarily chose between increasing, maintaining, or stopping their contributions to the pension fund as of the transition date. Members who elected to increase their level of contribution contribute 4% (Basic Plan) or 7% (MIP); by doing so they maintain a 1.5% pension factor in their pension formula. Members who elected to maintain their level of contribution will receive a 1.25% pension factor in their pension formula for their years of service as of their transition date. Their contribution rates are described above. Members who elected to stop their contributions became participants in the Defined Contribution plan as of their transition date.

### NOTE 7 - DEFINED BENEFIT PLAN AND POST RETIREMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

### **Employer Contributions**

Each school district or reporting entity is required to contribute the full actuarial funding contribution amount to fund pension benefits, plus an additional amount to fund retiree health care benefit amounts on a cash disbursement basis. For the period October 1 through September 30, the School District pays an amount equal to a percentage of its employees' wages to the Michigan Public School Employees Retirement System ("MPSERS"), which is administered by the State of Michigan. These contributions are required by law and are calculated by using the contribution rates and periods provided in the table below of the employees' wages. In addition, the District is required to match 50% up to 1% of the employee's contribution in the Pension Plus plan. The contribution requirements of plan members and the District are established and may be amended by the MPSERS Board of Trustees. The District contributions to MPSERS were equal to the required contribution for those years.

The School District's contributions to MPSERS are as follows:

_	Fiscal Year Ending June 30,		ontributions  MPSERS
	2013	•	\$ 5,980,167
	2012		5,599,387
	2011		4,992,215

Included in the amounts paid above, the District received \$459,395 of section 147(c) State Aid for the sole purpose of making supplemental payments to MPSERS. The District has recorded this amount as state revenue and additional pension expenditures/expenses for the year ended June 30, 2013.

PA 464 Retirees Returning to Work, effective December 27, 2012 also requires applicable employer contributions to the defined benefit and defined contribution plans. These amounts if any are included in the amounts paid above.

NOTE 7 - DEFINED BENEFIT PLAN AND POST RETIREMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

	Fiscal Year 2013									
			Effe	ctive February 1, 2	2013					
Public School Employee Pension Rates (FYE Sept. 30th)	Basic MIP	Pension Plus	Pension Plus PHF - First worked after 9/3/12	Pension Plus to DC with PHF First worked after 9/3/12	Basic MIP DB to DC with DB Health	Basic MIP DB to DC with PHF	Basic MIP with PHF			
				DB Contributions	<u> </u>					
Pension Normal Cost	2.43%	2.24%	2.24%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	2.43%			
Pension UAL	11.42%	11.42%	11.42%	11.42%	11.42%	11.42%	11.42%			
Pension Early Retirement Incentive	1.36%	1.36%	1.36%	1.36%	1.36%	1.36%	1.36%			
Pension Contributions - Total Rate	15.21%	15.02%	15.02%	12.78%	12.78%	12.78%	15.21%			
Health Normal Cost	0.93%	0.93%	0.00%	0.00%	0.93%	0.00%	0.00%			
Health UAL	8.18%	8.18%	8.18%	8.18%	8.18%	8.18%	8.18%			
Health Contributions - Total Rate	9.11%	9.11%	8.18%	8.18%	9.11%	8.18%	8.18%			
Total	24.32%	24.13%	23,20%	20.96%	21.89%	20.96%	23.39%			
				DC Contribution						
DC Employer Contributions	0.00%	1.00%	1.00%	3.00%	<u>s</u> 4.00%	4.00%	0.00%			
Personal Healthcare Fund	0.00%	0.00%	2.00%	2.00%	0.00%	2.00%	2.00%			
Total	0.00%	1.00%	3.00%	5.00%	4.00%	6.00%	2.00%			
			ended 1/31/2013	1	2000,0					
Public School Employee Pension Rates	First worked before 7/1/10	First worked between 6/30/10 and 9/3/12	Pension Plus and First worked after 9/3/12	Elected DC and First worked after 9/3/12						
(FYE Sept. 30th)				0.000						
Pension Normal Cost (Prefunded)	3.47%	2.24%	2.24%	0.00%						
Pension Unfunded Accrued Liability	11.42%	11.42%	11.42%	11.42%						
Early Retirement Incentive Program  Pension Total Rate	1.36%	1.36%	1.36%	1.36%						
Pension Total Rate	16.25%	15.02%	15.02%	12.78%						
Retiree Health Care Contribution (Cash basis)	0.93%	0.93%	0.00%	0.00%						
Surcharge due to Injunction	8.18%	8.18%	8.18%	8.18%						
Health Total Rate	9.11%	9.11%	8.18%	8.18%						
Total	25.36%	24.13%	23.20%	20.96%						
				2012 and 2011						
		11 - 2012	11 months e	nded 9/30/11	1 month e	nded 10/31/10				
Public School Employee Pension Rates (FYE Sept. 30th)	First worked before 7/1/10	First worked after 6/30/10	First worked before 7/1/10	First worked after 6/30/10	First worked before 7/1/10	First worked after 6/30/10				
Pension Normal Cost (Prefunded)	3.47%	2.24%	3.74%	2.24%	3.74%	2.24%				
Pension Unfunded Accrued Liability	12.49%	12.49%	8.42%	8.42%	8.42%	8.42%				
Early Retirement Incentive Program	0.00%	0.00%	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A				
Pension Total Rate	15.96%	14.73%	12.16%	10.66%	12.16%	10.66%				
Retiree Health Care Contribution (Cash basis)	5.50%	5.50%	5.50%	5.50%	7.25%	7.25%				
Surcharge due to Injunction	3.00%	3.00%	3.00%	3.00%	N/A	N/A				
Health Total Rate	8.50%	8.50%	8.50%	8.50%	7.25%	7.25%				
i l	24.46%	23.23%		19.16%	19.41%					

### NOTE 7 - DEFINED BENEFIT PLAN AND POST RETIREMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

### **Benefit Provisions - Other Postemployment**

#### Introduction

Benefit provisions of the postemployment healthcare plan are established by State statute, which may be amended. Public Act 300 of 1980, as amended, establishes eligibility and benefit provisions. Retirees have the option of health coverage, which, through 2012, is currently funded on a cash disbursement basis. Beginning fiscal year 2013, it will be funded on a prefunded basis. The System has contracted to provide the comprehensive group medical, hearing, dental and vision coverage for retirees and beneficiaries. A subsidized portion of the premium is paid by the System with the balance deducted from the monthly pension of each retiree health care recipient. For members who first worked before July 1, 2008, (Basic, MIP-Fixed, and MIP-Graded plan members), the subsidy is the maximum allowed by statute. To limit future liabilities of Other Postemployment Benefits, members who first worked on or after July 1, 2008, (MIP-Plus plan members), have a graded premium subsidy based on career length where they accrue credit towards their insurance premiums in retirement, not to exceed the maximum allowable by statute. Public Act 300 of 2012 sets the maximum subsidy at 80% beginning January 1, 2013; 90% for those Medicare eligible and enrolled in the insurances as of that date.

Public Act 75 of 2010 requires each actively employed member of MPSERS after June 30, 2010 to annually contribute 3% of their compensation to offset employer contributions for health care benefits of current retirees. Dependents are eligible for health care coverage if they meet the dependency requirements set forth in Public Act 300 of 1980, as amended.

### Retiree Healthcare Reform of 2012

Public Act 300 of 2012 granted all active members of the Michigan Public School Employees Retirement System, who earned service credit in the 12 months ending September 3, 2012, or were on an approved professional services or military leave of absence on September 3, 2012, a voluntary election regarding their retirement healthcare. Any changes to a member's healthcare benefit are effective as of the member's *transition date*, which is defined as the first day of the pay period that begins on or after December 1, 2012.

Under Public Act 300 of 2012, members were given the choice between continuing the 3% contribution to retiree healthcare and keeping the premium subsidy benefit described above, or choosing not to pay the 3% contribution and instead opting out of the subsidy benefit and becoming a participant in the Personal Healthcare Fund (PHF), a portable, tax-deferred fund that can be used to pay healthcare expenses in retirement. Participants in the PHF are automatically enrolled in a 2% employee contribution into their 457 account as of their transition date, earning them a 2% employer match into a 401(k) account. Members who selected this option stop paying the 3% contribution to retiree healthcare as of the day before their transition date, and their prior contributions will be deposited into their 401(k) accounts.

### NOTE 7 - DEFINED BENEFIT PLAN AND POST RETIREMENT BENEFITS (Concluded)

### **Benefit Provisions - Other Postemployment (Continued)**

Members who did not make an election before the deadline retain the subsidy benefit and continue making the 3% contribution toward retiree healthcare. Deferred or nonvested members on September 3, 2012 who are rehired on or after September 4, 2012, will contribute 3% contribution to retiree healthcare and will retain the subsidy benefit. Returning members who made the retirement healthcare election will retain whichever option they chose.

Those who elected to retain the premium subsidy continue to annually contribute 3% of compensation into the health care funding account. A member or former member age 60 or older, who made the 3% healthcare contributions but who does not meet eligibility requirements may request a refund of their contributions. Similarly, if a retiree dies before the total value of the insurance subsidy paid equals the total value of the contributions the member made, and there are no eligible dependents, the beneficiary may request a refund of unused funds. Refunds of member contributions to the healthcare funding account are issued as a supplemental benefit paid out over a 60 month period.

- 1. Retirees with at least 21 years of service, who terminate employment after October 31, 1980, with vested deferred benefits, are eligible for subsidized employer paid health benefit coverage.
- 2. A delayed subsidy applies to retirees who became a member of the retirement system before July 1, 2008 and who purchased service credit on or after July 1, 2008. Such individuals are eligible for premium subsidy benefits at age 60 or when they would have been eligible to retire without having made a service purchase, whichever comes first. They may enroll in the insurances earlier, but are responsible for the full premium until the premium subsidy begins.

Under Public Act 300 of 2012, the state no longer offers an insurance premium subsidy in retirement for public school employees who first work on or after September 4, 2012. Instead, all new employees will be placed into the Personal Healthcare Fund where they will have support saving for retirement healthcare costs in the following ways:

- They will be automatically enrolled in a 2% employee contribution into a 457 account as of their date of hire, earning them a 2% employer match into a 401(k) account.
- They will receive a credit into a Health Reimbursement Account (HRA) at termination if they have at least 10 years of service at termination. The credit will be \$2,000 for participants who are at least 60 years of age at termination or \$1,000 for participants who are less than 60 years of age at termination.

### NOTE 7 - DEFINED BENEFIT PLAN AND POST RETIREMENT BENEFITS (Concluded)

### **Benefit Provisions - Other Postemployment (Concluded)**

Participants in the Personal Healthcare Fund, who become disabled for any reason, are not eligible for any employer funded health insurance premium subsidy. If a PHF participant suffers a non-duty related death, his or her health benefit dependents are not eligible to participate in any employer funded health insurance premium subsidy. If a PHF participant suffers a duty death, the state will pay the maximum health premium allowed by statute for the surviving spouse and health benefit dependents. The spouses' insurance subsidy may continue until his or her death, the dependents' subsidy may continue until their eligibility ends (through marriage, age, or other event). Upon eligibility for a duty death benefit, the 2% employer matching contributions and related earnings in the PHF 401(k) are forfeited and the state will pay for the subsidy payments. The beneficiaries receive the member's personal contributions and related earnings in the PHF 457 account.

### Other Information

On June 28, 2010, the Michigan Court of Claims issued an injunction in response to a challenge to the authority of the State to require employees who began working before July 1, 2010, to contribute 3% of reportable wages to the retiree health care trust at MPSERS. As a result, the State has adjusted the contribution rate due on employees' wages paid between November 1, 2010 and September 30, 2011 to 20.66% for members who first worked prior to July 1, 2010 and 19.16% for Pension Plus members. In March 2011, the Court of Claims granted the plaintiffs' motions for summary disposition finding that the mandatory 3% contribution violated both the U.S. and Michigan constitutions. The State appealed the ruling to the Michigan Court of Appeals. The Court of Appeals accepted the appeal and ordered an expedited review. The Court of Appeals also granted the State's motion for a stay of proceedings and ordered that the 3% deduction continue to be collected and placed into an escrow account until further order of the Court.

On August 16, 2012 the State of Michigan Court of Appeals affirmed the trial court's orders granting summary dispositions in favor of the plaintiffs in each of the cases before it, terminating the stay ordered by this Court on March 18, 2011. The State of Michigan has appealed the decision to the Michigan Supreme Court. The Office of Retirement Services is instructing Michigan public school employers to continue withholding the 3% contribution. Should the plaintiffs prevail, the escrowed funds will be returned to the employees.

#### NOTE 8 - RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omission; injuries to employees and natural disasters. The District is a member of the West Michigan Risk Management Trust (Trust), a self-insurance program with 32 districts pooling together to insure property, liability and auto exposures. Premiums from members of the Trust are arrived at through standard underwriting procedures. The members of the Trust have contributed amounts sufficient to fund individual and aggregate losses up to \$250,000 and \$1,295,405, respectively, on an annual basis. Excess insurance has been purchased to cover claims exceeding those amounts. A \$1,000 per occurrence deductible for property losses is maintained to place the responsibility for small charges with the members of the Trust.

The District is a member of the West Michigan Workers' Compensation Fund, a self-insurance program with 18 districts pooling together to insure workers' compensation and employers' liability exposures. The fund pays the first \$450,000 of any workers' compensation or employers' liability loss out of a \$2,130,907 loss fund collected from members. Excess insurance has been purchased to cover claims exceeding those amounts.

The District carries commercial insurance for all other risks of loss, including employee life, health and accident insurance. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

#### **NOTE 9 - TRANSFERS**

The food service fund transferred \$98,933 to the general fund. The transfer from the food service fund was made to allocate indirect costs between the funds.

### **NOTE 10 - CONTINGENT LIABILITIES**

Amounts received or receivable from grant agencies are subject to audit and adjustments by grantor agencies, principally the federal government. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of expenditures that may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time, although the government expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

#### NOTE 11 - NEW ACCOUNTING STANDARDS

For the year end June 30, 2013 the District implemented the following new pronouncements:

GASB Statement 62 - Codification of Accounting and Financial Reporting Guidance Contained in Pre-November 30, 1989 FASB and AICPA Pronouncements.

### **Summary**:

The objective of this Statement is to incorporate into the GASB's authoritative literature certain accounting and financial reporting guidance that is included in the following pronouncements issued on or before November 30, 1989, which does not conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements:

- 1. Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) Statements and Interpretations
- 2. Accounting Principles Board Opinions
- 3. Accounting Research Bulletins of the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants AICPA) Committee on Accounting Procedure

GASB Statements 63 - Financial Reporting of Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position and GASB Statement 65 - Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities.

### **Summary**:

These Statements provide financial reporting guidance for deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources. Concepts Statement No. 4, *Elements of Financial Statements*, introduced and defined those elements as a consumption of net position by the government that is applicable to a future reporting period, and an acquisition of net position by the government that is applicable to a future reporting period, respectively. Previous financial reporting standards do not include guidance for reporting those financial statement elements, which are distinct from assets and liabilities.

Concepts Statement No. 4 also identifies net position as the residual of all other elements presented in a statement of financial position. This Statement amends the net asset reporting requirements in Statement No. 34, *Basic Financial Statements - and Management's Discussion and Analysis - for State and Local Governments*, and other pronouncements by incorporating deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources into the definitions of the required components of the residual measure and by renaming that measure as net position, rather than net position.

### NOTE 11 - NEW ACCOUNTING STANDARDS (Concluded)

GASB Statement 65 also states that bond issuance costs should be expensed in the year which they are incurred. As a result, the remaining unamortized bond issuance costs were written off as of July 1, 2012. The restatement of the beginning of the year net position is follows:

	Governmental Activities
Net position as previously stated, July 1, 2012 Adoption of GASB 65	\$ 4,932,898 (282,226)
Net position as restated, July 1, 2012	\$ 4,650,672

### NOTE 12 - UPCOMING ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENT

GASB statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions, was issued by the GASB in June 2012 and will be effective for the District's 2015 fiscal year. The Statement requires governments that participate in defined benefit pension plans to report in their statement of net position a net pension liability. The net pension liability is the difference between the total pension liability (the present value of projected benefit payments to employees based on their past service) and the assets (mostly investments reported at fair value) set aside in a trust and restricted to paying benefits to current employees, retirees, and their beneficiaries. Statement 68 requires cost-sharing employers to record a liability and expense equal to their proportionate share of the collective net pension liability and expense for the cost-sharing plan. The Statement also will improve the comparability and consistency of how governments calculate the pension liabilities and expense.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

# WYOMING PUBLIC SCHOOLS REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE GENERAL FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

	Original budget	Final budget	Actual	Variance with final budget
REVENUES:				
Local sources	\$ 7,465,212	\$ 7,458,656	\$ 7,180,187	\$ (278,469)
State sources	28,896,375	30,445,628	30,373,049	(72,579)
Federal sources	5,398,625	5,172,201	4,945,646	(226,555)
Incoming transfers and other	3,861,011	3,860,747	3,860,749	2
Total revenues	45,621,223	46,937,232	46,359,631	(577,601)
EXPENDITURES:				
Current:				
Instruction:				
Basic programs	20,332,380	21,172,324	20,888,735	283,589
Added needs	7,999,647	7,125,635	7,053,273	72,362
Adult education	248,760	274,493	248,410	26,083
Total instruction	28,580,787	28,572,452	28,190,418	382,034
Supporting services:				
Pupil	2,992,128	2,978,049	2,959,200	18,849
Instructional staff	2,380,877	2,613,561	2,494,004	119,557
General administration	506,575	532,947	513,392	19,555
School administration	2,056,551	1,929,207	1,878,878	50,329
Business	345,926	368,145	368,101	44
Operation/maintenance	3,279,561	3,283,478	3,269,051	14,427
Pupil transportation	2,643,719	2,946,528	2,818,626	127,902
Central	1,536,479	1,666,833	1,614,499	52,334
Athletics	476,515	853,177	851,735	1,442
Total supporting services	16,218,331	17,171,925	16,767,486	404,439
Community services	141,688	119,288	115,416	3,872
Outgoing transfers and other transactions	1,080,241	1,472,718	1,218,279	254,439
Total expenditures	46,021,047	47,336,383	46,291,599	1,044,784
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES				
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(399,824)	(399,151)	68,032	467,183
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):				
Transfers in	120,000	120,000	98,933	(21,067)
Total other financing sources	120,000	120,000	98,933	(21,067)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$ (279,824)	\$ (279,151)	166,965	\$ 446,116
FUND BALANCE:				
Beginning of year			5,002,281	
End of year			\$ 5,169,246	
•				

ADDITIONAL SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

# WYOMING PUBLIC SCHOOLS GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

LOCAL SOURCES:         Final budget         Actual           Property taxes         \$ 6,033,039         \$ 5,683,139         \$           Tuition         34,000         35,880           Investment earnings         5,000         5,154           Athletics         33,236         36,510           Other local revenue         1,353,381         1,419,504           TOTAL LOCAL SOURCES         7,458,656         7,180,187	(349,900) 1,880 154 3,274 66,123 (278,469) 259,322 (331,901)
Property taxes         \$ 6,033,039         \$ 5,683,139         \$           Tuition         34,000         35,880           Investment earnings         5,000         5,154           Athletics         33,236         36,510           Other local revenue         1,353,381         1,419,504           TOTAL LOCAL SOURCES         7,458,656         7,180,187	1,880 154 3,274 66,123 (278,469)
Tuition       34,000       35,880         Investment earnings       5,000       5,154         Athletics       33,236       36,510         Other local revenue       1,353,381       1,419,504         TOTAL LOCAL SOURCES       7,458,656       7,180,187	1,880 154 3,274 66,123 (278,469)
Investment earnings       5,000       5,154         Athletics       33,236       36,510         Other local revenue       1,353,381       1,419,504         TOTAL LOCAL SOURCES       7,458,656       7,180,187	154 3,274 66,123 (278,469) 259,322
Athletics       33,236       36,510         Other local revenue       1,353,381       1,419,504         TOTAL LOCAL SOURCES       7,458,656       7,180,187	3,274 66,123 (278,469) 259,322
Other local revenue         1,353,381         1,419,504           TOTAL LOCAL SOURCES         7,458,656         7,180,187	66,123 (278,469) 259,322
<b>TOTAL LOCAL SOURCES</b> 7,458,656 7,180,187	(278,469) 259,322
	259,322
NIAIR NIIIDI'UN	
Foundation grant 26,052,012 26,311,334	
Categorical 4,336,351 4,004,450	(331,701)
Other state revenue 57,265 57,265	
TOTAL STATE SOURCES 30,445,628 30,373,049	(72,579)
FEDERAL SOURCES:	
Title I 2,103,172 2,000,095	(103,077)
Title II - improving teacher quality 290,218 195,262	(94,956)
IDEA special education 1,175,450 1,175,450	-
21st century 1,228,326 1,193,403	(34,923)
Other federal revenue 375,035 381,436	6,401
<b>TOTAL FEDERAL SOURCES</b> 5,172,201 4,945,646	(226,555)
INCOMING TRANSFERS AND	
OTHER TRANSACTIONS:	
Special education 3,329,012 3,329,026	14
Other <u>531,735</u> <u>531,723</u>	(12)
TOTAL INCOMING TRANSFERS	
AND OTHER TRANSACTIONS 3,860,747 3,860,749	2
<b>TOTAL REVENUES</b> 46,937,232 46,359,631	(577,601)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES:	
Transfers in	(21,067)
TOTAL REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES \$47,057,232 \$46,458,564 \$	(598,668)

### WYOMING PUBLIC SCHOOLS GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

(with comparative totals for the year ended June 30, 2012)

Salaries   Salaries   Supplies and services   Supplies and materials   Supplies and materials	2012
Instruction:	2012
Elementary         \$ 7,117,273         \$ 3,517,205         \$ 202,573         \$ 292,808         \$ -         \$ -         \$ 11,129,85           Middle school         3,177,041         1,606,564         56,361         75,146         210         1,645         4,916,96           High school         2,947,112         1,431,681         197,029         129,712         51,181         5,969         4,762,68           Preschool         20,908         6,842         88         576         -         -         28,41           Summer school         17,743         5,401         27,667         -         -         -         50,81           Special education         2,370,793         1,213,162         53,992         31,731         -         1,246,881         4,916,55           Compensatory education         1,247,958         628,245         143,376         65,229         -         -         -         2,084,80           Vocational education         251         80         108         43,275         5,500         2,692         51,90           Adult education         17,073,839         8,474,681         682,256         645,564         56,891         1,257,187         28,190,41           Supporting services:	2012
Middle school         3,177,041         1,606,564         56,361         75,146         210         1,645         4,916,96           High school         2,947,112         1,431,681         197,029         129,712         51,181         5,969         4,762,68           Preschool         20,908         6,842         88         576         -         -         28,41           Summer school         17,743         5,401         27,667         -         -         -         50,81           Special education         2,370,793         1,213,162         53,992         31,731         -         1,246,881         4,916,55           Compensatory education         1,247,958         628,245         143,376         65,229         -         -         2,084,80           Vocational education         251         80         108         43,275         5,500         2,692         51,90           Adult education         174,760         65,501         1,062         7,087         -         -         248,41           Total instruction         17,073,839         8,474,681         682,256         645,564         56,891         1,257,187         28,190,41           Supporting services         2         451,780	
High school         2,947,112         1,431,681         197,029         129,712         51,181         5,969         4,762,68           Preschool         20,908         6,842         88         576         -         -         28,41           Summer school         17,743         5,401         27,667         -         -         -         50,81           Special education         2,370,793         1,213,162         53,992         31,731         -         1,246,881         4,916,55           Compensatory education         1,247,958         628,245         143,376         65,229         -         -         -         2,084,80           Vocational education         251         80         108         43,275         5,500         2,692         51,90           Adult education         174,760         65,501         1,062         7,087         -         -         248,41           Total instruction         17,073,839         8,474,681         682,256         645,564         56,891         1,257,187         28,190,41           Supporting services:         Pupil services         451,780         223,606         34,238         7,634         -         2,241,942         2,959,20           Instructional s	\$ 10,146,025
Preschool         20,908         6,842         88         576         -         -         28,41           Summer school         17,743         5,401         27,667         -         -         -         50,81           Special education         2,370,793         1,213,162         53,992         31,731         -         1,246,881         4,916,55           Compensatory education         1,247,958         628,245         143,376         65,229         -         -         -         2,084,80           Vocational education         251         80         108         43,275         5,500         2,692         51,90           Adult education         174,760         65,501         1,062         7,087         -         -         248,41           Total instruction         17,073,839         8,474,681         682,256         645,564         56,891         1,257,187         28,190,41           Supporting services:         Pupil services         451,780         223,606         34,238         7,634         -         2,241,942         2,959,20           Instructional staff services         958,870         413,293         264,210         491,112         328,914         37,605         2,494,00	2,858,209
Summer school         17,743         5,401         27,667         -         -         -         50,81           Special education         2,370,793         1,213,162         53,992         31,731         -         1,246,881         4,916,55           Compensatory education         1,247,958         628,245         143,376         65,229         -         -         -         2,084,80           Vocational education         251         80         108         43,275         5,500         2,692         51,90           Adult education         174,760         65,501         1,062         7,087         -         -         -         248,41           Total instruction         17,073,839         8,474,681         682,256         645,564         56,891         1,257,187         28,190,41           Supporting services:         Pupil services         451,780         223,606         34,238         7,634         -         2,241,942         2,959,20           Instructional staff services         958,870         413,293         264,210         491,112         328,914         37,605         2,494,00	6,777,650
Special education         2,370,793         1,213,162         53,992         31,731         -         1,246,881         4,916,55           Compensatory education         1,247,958         628,245         143,376         65,229         -         -         2,084,80           Vocational education         251         80         108         43,275         5,500         2,692         51,90           Adult education         174,760         65,501         1,062         7,087         -         -         248,41           Total instruction         17,073,839         8,474,681         682,256         645,564         56,891         1,257,187         28,190,41           Supporting services:         Pupil services         451,780         223,606         34,238         7,634         -         2,241,942         2,959,20           Instructional staff services         958,870         413,293         264,210         491,112         328,914         37,605         2,494,00	401,644
Compensatory education         1,247,958         628,245         143,376         65,229         -         -         2,084,80           Vocational education         251         80         108         43,275         5,500         2,692         51,90           Adult education         174,760         65,501         1,062         7,087         -         -         -         248,41           Total instruction         17,073,839         8,474,681         682,256         645,564         56,891         1,257,187         28,190,41           Supporting services:           Pupil services         451,780         223,606         34,238         7,634         -         2,241,942         2,959,20           Instructional staff services         958,870         413,293         264,210         491,112         328,914         37,605         2,494,00	106,510
Vocational education         251         80         108         43,275         5,500         2,692         51,90           Adult education         174,760         65,501         1,062         7,087         -         -         -         248,41           Total instruction         17,073,839         8,474,681         682,256         645,564         56,891         1,257,187         28,190,41           Supporting services:         Pupil services         451,780         223,606         34,238         7,634         -         2,241,942         2,959,20           Instructional staff services         958,870         413,293         264,210         491,112         328,914         37,605         2,494,00	5,317,412
Adult education         174,760         65,501         1,062         7,087         -         -         -         248,41           Total instruction         17,073,839         8,474,681         682,256         645,564         56,891         1,257,187         28,190,41           Supporting services:         Pupil services         451,780         223,606         34,238         7,634         -         2,241,942         2,959,20           Instructional staff services         958,870         413,293         264,210         491,112         328,914         37,605         2,494,00	2,875,111
Total instruction         17,073,839         8,474,681         682,256         645,564         56,891         1,257,187         28,190,41           Supporting services:         Pupil services         451,780         223,606         34,238         7,634         -         2,241,942         2,959,20           Instructional staff services         958,870         413,293         264,210         491,112         328,914         37,605         2,494,00	96,357
Supporting services:     Pupil services     451,780     223,606     34,238     7,634     -     2,241,942     2,959,20       Instructional staff services     958,870     413,293     264,210     491,112     328,914     37,605     2,494,00	248,321
Pupil services       451,780       223,606       34,238       7,634       -       2,241,942       2,959,20         Instructional staff services       958,870       413,293       264,210       491,112       328,914       37,605       2,494,00	28,827,239
Instructional staff services 958,870 413,293 264,210 491,112 328,914 37,605 2,494,00	
	2,945,117
	2,177,206
General administration 253,694 114,569 125,209 7,949 - 11,971 513,39	513,107
School administration 1,179,081 682,219 4,610 12,968 - 1,878,87	2,190,650
Business services 212,260 125,235 1,770 773 170 27,893 368,10	423,150
Operations and maintenance 895,328 638,646 844,294 851,791 37,496 1,496 3,269,05	3,485,201
Transportation 533,274 353,973 293,647 281,031 154,718 1,201,983 2,818,62	2,651,338
Central services 534,486 303,907 449,318 51,680 274,741 367 1,614,49	1,521,207
Athletics 281,977 114,374 148,003 5,583 38,137 263,661 851,73	776,260
Total support services 5,300,750 2,969,822 2,165,299 1,710,521 834,176 3,786,918 16,767,48	16,683,236
Community services 1,701 553 96,355 7,463 - 9,344 115,41	96,594
Outgoing transfers and other transactions 132,845 1,085,434 1,218,27	1,203,414
Total expenditures \$ 22,376,290 \$ 11,445,056 \$ 2,943,910 \$ 2,363,548 \$ 1,023,912 \$ 6,138,883 \$ 46,291,59	\$ 46,810,483

### WYOMING PUBLIC SCHOOLS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES JUNE 30, 2013

	Special revenue				
	Food service	Debt service	Total nonmajor funds		
ASSETS:					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 379,156	\$ 149,542	\$	528,698	
Intergovernmental	43,785	118		43,903	
Due from other funds	13,855	60,000		73,855	
Prepaids	150,000	-		150,000	
Inventories	29,898	_		29,898	
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 616,694	\$ 209,660	\$	826,354	
LIABILITIES:					
Accounts payable	\$ 37,820	\$ -	\$	37,820	
Accrued salaries and related items	20,359	· _	·	20,359	
Intergovernmental	-	90,568		90,568	
Due to other funds	183,119	60,000		243,119	
Unearned revenue	7,234	-		7,234	
TOTAL LIABILITIES	248,532	150,568		399,100	
FUND BALANCES:					
Nonspendable:					
Inventories	29,898	-		29,898	
Prepaids	150,000	-		150,000	
Restricted for:					
Debt service	-	59,092		59,092	
Food service	188,264			188,264	
TOTAL FUND BALANCES	368,162	59,092		427,254	
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	¢ 616 604	\$ 200 660	¢	926 254	
TUND DALANCES	\$ 616,694	\$ 209,660	\$	826,354	

# WYOMING PUBLIC SCHOOLS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

	Special revenue		
	Food		Total nonmajor
	service	Debt service	funds
REVENUES:			
Local sources:			
Property taxes	\$ -	\$ 4,771,240	\$ 4,771,240
Investment earnings	469	2,224	2,693
Food sales	309,686	-	309,686
Other	711		711
Total local sources	310,866	4,773,464	5,084,330
State sources	76,594	123,235	199,829
Federal sources	2,248,714		2,248,714
Total revenues	2,636,174	4,896,699	7,532,873
<b>EXPENDITURES:</b>			
Current:			
Food service activities	2,425,867	-	2,425,867
Capital outlay	167,583	-	167,583
Debt service:			
Principal repayment	-	3,302,635	3,302,635
Interest expense	-	1,894,887	1,894,887
Other expense		1,066	1,066
Total expenditures	2,593,450	5,198,588	7,792,038
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES			
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	42,724	(301,889)	(259,165)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):			
Transfers out	(98,933)		(98,933)
Total other financing uses	(98,933)		(98,933)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	(56,209)	(301,889)	(358,098)
FUND BALANCES:			
Beginning of year	424,371	360,981	785,352
End of year	\$ 368,162	\$ 59,092	\$ 427,254

### WYOMING PUBLIC SCHOOLS COMBINING DEBT SERVICE FUNDS BALANCE SHEET JUNE 30, 2013

	2002	2005	2007	2000	Total
	2003	2005	2007	2009	Nonmajor
ASSETS:					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 3,010	\$ 896	\$ 137,674	\$ 7,962	\$ 149,542
Intergovernmental	2	64	29	23	118
Due from other governmental funds	-	50,000	-	10,000	60,000
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 3,012	\$ 50,960	\$ 137,703	\$ 17,985	\$ 209,660
LIABILITIES: Intergovernmental	\$ 1,775	\$ 49,613	\$ 21,854	\$ 17,326	\$ 90,568
Due to other funds		 -	60,000		60,000
TOTAL LIABILITIES	1,775	49,613	81,854	17,326	150,568
FUND BALANCES: Restricted for debt service	1,237	1,347	55,849	659	59,092
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	\$ 3,012	\$ 50,960	\$ 137,703	\$ 17,985	\$ 209,660

# WYOMING PUBLIC SCHOOLS DEBT SERVICE FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

	2003	2005		2007	 2009	199	8 Durant		Total nmajor
REVENUES: Local sources: Property taxes	\$ 96,974	\$ 2,788,602	\$	1,152,779	\$ 732,885	\$	-	\$ 4	,771,240
Interest	 46	1,212		624	 342			-	2,224
Total local revenue	97,020	2,789,814		1,153,403	733,227		-	4	,773,464
State sources	 	_			 		123,235		123,235
Total revenues	 97,020	2,789,814		1,153,403	 733,227		123,235	4	,896,699
EXPENDITURES:									
Redemption of bonds	70,000	1,865,000		700,000	550,000		117,635		,302,635
Interest on bonded debt	33,130	1,041,500		590,744	223,913		5,600	1	,894,887
Other	 250	241		325	250				1,066
Total expenditures	103,380	2,906,741		1,291,069	774,163		123,235	5	,198,588
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(6,360)	(116,927)	)	(137,666)	(40,936)		-		(301,889)
FUND BALANCES:									
Beginning of year	7,597	118,274		193,515	 41,595				360,981
End of year	\$ 1,237	\$ 1,347	\$	55,849	\$ 659	\$	_	\$	59,092

### 2003 Refunding Bonds

				Interest due								
Fiscal year	Interest rate	Principal due May 1,		•			May 1 November 1		May 1		_	otal due nnually
2014	3.60%	\$	75,000	\$	\$ 15,358		15,358	\$	105,716			
2015	3.60%		75,000		14,008		14,008		103,016			
2016	3.85%		80,000		12,658		12,658		105,316			
2017	3.85%		85,000		11,118		11,118		107,236			
2018	4.00%		85,000		9,481	9,481			103,962			
2019	4.00%		90,000		7,781		7,781		105,562			
2020	4.35%		90,000		5,981		5,981		101,962			
2021	4.35%		90,000		4,024		4,024		98,048			
2022	4.35%		95,000		2,066		2,066		99,132			
Total 2003 bonded debt		\$	765,000	\$	82,475	\$	82,475	\$	929,950			

The above bonds dated March 1, 2003 were issued for the purpose of refunding a portion of the School District's outstanding school building and site bonds. The amount of the original bond issue was \$1,330,000.

### 2005 Refunding Bonds

				Inter					
Fiscal year	Interest rate	Principal due May 1,		May 1		May 1		ovember 1	Total due annually
2014	5.00%	\$ 1,895,000	\$	474,125	\$	474,125	\$ 2,843,250		
2015	5.00%	1,895,000		426,750		426,750	2,748,500		
2016	5.00%	1,895,000		379,375		379,375	2,653,750		
2017	5.00%	1,895,000		332,000		332,000	2,559,000		
2018	5.00%	1,895,000		284,625		284,625	2,464,250		
2019	5.00%	1,895,000		237,250		237,250	2,369,500		
2020	5.00%	1,895,000		189,875		189,875	2,274,750		
2021	5.00%	1,900,000		142,500		142,500	2,185,000		
2022	5.00%	1,900,000		95,000		95,000	2,090,000		
2023	5.00%	1,900,000		47,500		47,500	1,995,000		
Total 2005 bonded debt		\$ 18,965,000	\$	2,609,000	\$	2,609,000	\$ 24,183,000		

The above bonds dated March 23, 2005 were issued for the purpose of refunding a portion of the School District's outstanding school building and site bonds. The amount of the original bond issue was \$28,100,000.

2007 School Building and Site Bonds

			Inter	est due	
Fiscal year	Interest rate	Principal due May 1,	May 1	November 1	Total due annually
2014	4.000%	\$ 775,000	\$ 281,372	\$ 281,372	\$ 1,337,744
2015	5.500%	925,000	265,872	265,872	1,456,744
2016	5.500%	1,050,000	240,434	240,434	1,530,868
2017	5.000%	1,200,000	211,559	211,559	1,623,118
2018	4.000%	1,350,000	181,559	181,559	1,713,118
2019	4.500%	1,500,000	154,559	154,559	1,809,118
2020	4.750%	1,625,000	120,809	120,809	1,866,618
2021	4.375%	1,775,000	82,216	82,216	1,939,432
2022	4.450%	1,950,000	43,387	43,387	2,036,774
Total 2007 bond	ded debt	\$ 12,150,000	\$ 1,581,767	\$ 1,581,767	\$ 15,313,534

The above bonds dated May 1, 2007 were issued to be used for school building and site purposes. The amount of the original bond issue was \$14,865,000.

### 2009 Refunding Bonds

			 Inter	est due	<u> </u>	
Fiscal year	Interest rate	ncipal due May 1,	May 1		ovember 1	Cotal due annually
2014	2.750%	\$ 605,000	\$ 104,394	\$	104,394	\$ 813,788
2015	3.000%	600,000	96,075		96,075	792,150
2016	3.000%	635,000	87,075		87,075	809,150
2017	3.250%	655,000	77,550		77,550	810,100
2018	3.250%	685,000	66,906		66,906	818,812
2019	3.500%	705,000	55,775		55,775	816,550
2020	3.500%	770,000	43,438		43,438	856,876
2021	3.625%	810,000	29,963		29,963	869,926
2022	3.750%	 815,000	15,281		15,281	845,562
Total 2009 bon	nded debt	\$ 6,280,000	\$ 576,457	\$	576,457	\$ 7,432,914

The above bonds dated February 11, 2009 were issued for the purpose of refunding a portion of the School District's outstanding 1999 refunding bonds. The amount of the original bond issue was \$8,330,000.

Federal grantor/pass-through grantor program title U.S. Department of Agriculture:	Federal CFDA number	Pass-through grantor's number	Approved grant award amount	Accrued revenue July 1, 2012	Prior year expenditures (memo only)	Current year expenditures	Current year cash receipts	Accrued revenue June 30, 2013
Passed through Michigan Department of Education: Child Nutrition Cluster: Non-Cash Assistance (Donated Foods): Entitlement	10.555		\$ 124,437	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 124,437		\$ -
Non-Cash Assistance Subtotal			124,437			124,437	124,437	
Cash Assistance:								
National School Lunch Program - Breakfast	10.553	121970	69,540	-	-	69,540	69,540	-
National School Lunch Program - Breakfast	10.553	131970	571,259			571,259	571,259	
			640,799			640,799	640,799	
National School Lunch Program - Section 11 National School Lunch Program - Section 11	10.555 10.555	131960 121960	1,116,081 144,051	-		1,116,081 144,051	1,116,081 144,051	- -
			1,260,132			1,260,132	1,260,132	
Summer Food Service Program - Meals Summer Food Service Program - Meals Summer Food Service Program - Sponsor Administration Summer Food Service Program - Sponsor Administration	10.559 10.559 10.559 10.559	120900-1012 120900-0912 121900-1012 121900-0912	21,837 - 1,832	33,708 - 2,845	78,433 - 6,607	62,193 - 5,261	21,837 33,708 1,832 2,845	40,356 3,429
Summer 1 30d Service 110gram Sponsor Nammstadion	10.557	121700 0712	23,669	36,553	85,040	67,454	60,222	43,785
Cook Assistance Subtated			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					
Cash Assistance Subtotal			1,924,600	36,553	85,040	1,968,385	1,961,153	43,785
Total Child Nutrition Cluster			2,049,037	36,553	85,040	2,092,822	2,085,590	43,785

Federal grantor/pass-through grantor program title	Federal CFDA number	Pass-through grantor's number	Approved grant award amount	Accrued revenue July 1, 2012	Prior year expenditures (memo only)	Current year expenditures	Current year cash receipts	Accrued revenue June 30, 2013
U.S. Department of Agriculture (Concluded):  Child Care Food Program  Child Care Food Program	10.558 10.558	121920 131920	\$ 9,026 83,696	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 9,026 83,696	\$ 9,026 83,696	\$ -
Child Care Food Program Child Care Food Program	10.558 10.558	122010 132010	691 6,387			691 6,387	691 6,387	
Fresh Fruit and Vegetable Program	10.582	130950-1213	99,800 56,092			99,800	99,800 56,092	
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture	10.302	130/30 1213	2,204,929	36,553	85,040	2,248,714	2,241,482	43,785
U.S. Department of Education:  Passed through Michigan Department of Education:					<u> </u>			
Title I Title I	84.010 84.010	121530-1112 131530-1213	2,055,273 2,073,238	319,654	1,331,407	161,075 1,839,020	480,729 1,434,021	404,999
Total Title I			4,128,511 4,128,511	319,654	1,331,407	2,000,095	1,914,750 1,914,750	404,999
Total Title I			4,128,311	319,034	1,331,407	2,000,093	1,714,730	704,777

Federal grantor/pass-through grantor program title	Federal CFDA number	Pass-through Approved gr grantor's number award amou		_	Accrued revenue July 1, 2012	Prior year expenditures (memo only)	•		Current year cash receipts		ccrued nue June , 2013
U.S. Department of Education (Continued):  Passed through Michigan Department of Education (Continued):											
Title IIA Title IIA	84.367 84.367	130520-1213 120520-1112	\$	304,969 282,138	\$ - 44,689	\$ - 177,239	\$ 195,262 	\$	154,526 44,689	\$	40,736
				587,107	44,689	177,239	195,262		199,215		40,736
Title III - Limited English Proficient Students Title III - Limited English Proficient Students	84.365A 84.365A	130580-1213 120580-1112		97,567 299,210	51,029	295,032	88,550		68,662 51,029		19,888
Title III - Immigrant Students Title III - Immigrant Students Title III - Immigrant Students	84.365A 84.365A	130570-1112 130570-1213 120570-1112		22,068 49,098	31,029 - 13,364	27,030	17,791		4,352 13,364		13,439
The III minigrant students	04.30371	120370 1112		467,943	64,393	322,062	106,341		137,407		33,327
21st Century Community Learning Center - Other	84.287C	132110-E08010		672,966	-	-	648,454		483,550		164,904
21st Century Community Learning Center - Other	84.287C	132110-F09069		269,470	-	-	262,298		167,195		95,103
21st Century Community Learning Center - Other	84.287C	132110-G12065 122110-D07058		270,000	- 	251 020	266,761		151,614		115,147
21st Century Community Learning Center - Other 21st Century Community Learning Center - Other	84.287C 84.287C	122110-D07038 122110-E08010		268,902 672,965	55,235 149,749	251,938	15,890		71,125 149,749		-
21st Century Community Learning Center - Other	84.287C	122110-E00010 122110-F09069		269,470	79,557				79,557		
			2	2,423,773	284,541	251,938	1,193,403		1,102,790		375,154

Federal grantor/pass-through grantor program title  U.S. Department of Education (Concluded):  Passed through Michigan Department of Education (Concluded):	Federal CFDA number	Pass-through grantor's number	Approved grant award amount	Accrued revenue July 1, 2012	Prior year expenditures (memo only)	Current year expenditures	Current year cash receipts	Accrued revenue June 30, 2013
Fassed unough Michigan Department of Education (Concluded).  Federal General Instr - Adult Education  English Literature  English Literature	84.002A 84.002A 84.002A 84.002A	131130-131267 121130-121267 131120-135667 121120-125667	\$ 180,000 180,000 76,000 38,000	\$ - 40,597 - 8,745	\$ - 174,967 - 38,000	\$ 180,000 - 76,000	\$ 129,318 40,597 50,805 8,745	\$ 50,682 - 25,195
			474,000	49,342	212,967	256,000	229,465	75,877
Total passed through Michigan Department of Education			8,081,334	762,619	2,295,613	3,751,101	3,583,627	930,093
Passed through Kent Intermediate School District (KISD): Special Education Cluster: I.D.E.A Flow Through I.D.E.A Flow Through	84.027 84.027	130450-1213 120450-1112	1,123,946 1,177,857	270,798	- 1,177,857	1,123,946	871,445 270,798	252,501
			2,301,803	270,798	1,177,857	1,123,946	1,142,243	252,501
I.D.E.A Preschool I.D.E.A Preschool	84.173 84.173	130460-1213 120460-1112	51,504 53,313	13,056	53,313	51,504	39,933 13,056	11,571
			104,817	13,056	53,313	51,504	52,989	11,571
Total Special Education Cluster			2,406,620	283,854	1,231,170	1,175,450	1,195,232	264,072
Total passed through Kent Intermediate School District			2,406,620	283,854	1,231,170	1,175,450	1,195,232	264,072
Total U.S. Department of Education			10,487,954	1,046,473	3,526,783	4,926,551	4,778,859	1,194,165

Federal grantor/pass-through grantor program title	Federal CFDA number	Pass-through grantor's number	Approved grant award amount	Accrued revenue July 1, 2012	Prior year expenditures (memo only)	Current year expenditures	Current year cash receipts	Accrued revenue June 30, 2013
U.S. Department of Health and Human Services:							_	
Passed through Kent Intermediate School District (KISD): Medicaid Outreach	93.778	1213	\$ 19,095	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 19,095	\$ 19,095	\$ -
Total U.S. Department of Health and Human Services			19,095			19,095	19,095	
TOTAL FEDERAL AWARDS			\$ 12,711,978	\$ 1,083,026	\$ 3,611,823	\$ 7,194,360	\$ 7,039,436	\$ 1,237,950

- 1. Basis of presentation The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the "Schedule") includes the federal grant activity of Wyoming Public Schools under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2013. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular A-133, Audits of States, Local Government, and Non-Profit Organizations. Because the schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of Wyoming Public Schools, it is not intended to and does not present the net position or changes in net position of Wyoming Public Schools.
- 2. Summary of significant accounting policies Expenditures reported on the schedule are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in OMB Circular A-87, Cost Principles for States, Local and Indian Tribal Governments, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. Negative amounts (if any) shown on the schedule represent adjustments or credits made in the normal course of business to amounts reported as expenditures in prior years. Pass-through entity identifying numbers are presented where available.
- 3. Title I (CFDA #84.010), National School Lunch (CFDA #10.553, #10.555, and #10.559), and Title III (CFDA #84.365A) were audited as the major programs, representing 58% of expenditures.
- 4. The threshold for distinguishing Type A and Type B programs was \$300,000.
- 5. Management has utilized the Grant Audit Report in preparing the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards.
- 6. Federal expenditures are reported as revenue in the following funds in the financial statements:

General fund	\$ 4,945,646
Other nonmajor governmental fund	2,248,714
Total per financial statements	\$ 7,194,360
Total expenditures reported on the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	\$ 7,194,360



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### REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Education Wyoming Public Schools

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Wyoming Public Schools as of and for the year ended June 30, 2013, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Wyoming Public Schools basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated September 23, 2013.

### **Internal Control Over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Wyoming Public Schools' internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Wyoming Public Schools' internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Wyoming Public Schools' internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the District's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Wyoming Public Schools' financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

### **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

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September 23, 2013



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### REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY OMB CIRCULAR A-133

### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Education Wyoming Public Schools

### Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Wyoming Public Schools' compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of Wyoming Public Schools' major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2013. Wyoming Public Schools' major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

### Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its federal programs.

### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of Wyoming Public Schools' major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Wyoming Public Schools' compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of Wyoming Public Schools' compliance.

### Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, Wyoming Public Schools complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2013. However, the results of our auditing procedures disclosed an instance of noncompliance with those requirements which is required to be reported in accordance with OMB Circular A-133 and which is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as 2013-1.

### **Report on Internal Control Over Compliance**

Management of Wyoming Public Schools is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered Wyoming Public Schools' internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Wyoming Public Schools' internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of OMB Circular A-133. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

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### WYOMING PUBLIC SCHOOLS SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

Section I - Summary of Auditor's Results

Section 1 Summary of fluction	5 110541105					
Financial Statements						
Type of auditor's report issued:	Unmodified					
Internal control over financial reporting:						
➤ Material weakness(es) identified?	Yes <u>X</u> No					
Significant deficiency(ies) identified?	Yes X None reported					
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?	Yes <u>X</u> No					
Federal Awards Internal control over major programs:						
➤ Material weakness(es) identified?	Yes <u>X</u> No					
Significant deficiency(ies) identified?	Yes X None reported					
Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major programs:	Unmodified					
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported with Section 510(a) of Circular A-133?	X Yes No					
Identification of major programs:						
CFDA Number(s)	Name of Federal Program or Cluster					
84.010 84.365A 10.553, 10.555, & 10.559	Title I  Title III  National School Lunch Cluster					
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type	\$300,000					
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?	Yes <u>X</u> No					
Section II - Financial Statement Findings						

None noted

### WYOMING PUBLIC SCHOOLS SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

### **Section III - Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs**

### **Finding 2013-1**

Federal Program: Title III - CFDA #84.365A.

**Specific Requirement:** Private school grant notification.

**Criteria:** Wyoming Public Schools is required to follow specific requirements in notifying private schools of the opportunity to participate in the grant program.

**Condition:** The District did not document offering Title III CFDA #84.365A federal grant program to private schools as required.

**Context:** The District's compliance staff was unaware of the private school notification requirements.

**Questioned Costs:** \$0

**Cause:** The District's compliance staff was unaware of the private school notification requirements.

**Effect:** Because of violation, the funding sources of the grant could request repayment of some of the grant funds that could have been applied to private schools.

**Recommendation:** We recommend Wyoming Public Schools establish improved controls for reviewing the federal compliance supplements related to the grants, and verify which of the fourteen compliance areas relate to each grant.

### WYOMING PUBLIC SCHOOLS CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN CONTACT PERSON: MATTHEW LEWIS OVERSIGHT AGENCY: U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION

Wyoming Public Schools respectfully submits the following corrective action plan for the year ended June 30, 2013.

**Auditor:** Maner Costerisan

2425 E. Grand River Avenue, Suite 1

Lansing, Michigan 48912

**Audit Period:** Year ended June 30, 2013

The findings from the June 30, 2013 schedule of findings and questioned costs are discussed below. The findings are numbered consistently with the number assigned in the schedule.

### **Finding - Financial statement audit**

### **Finding 2013-1**

**Recommendation:** We recommend Wyoming Public Schools establish improved controls for reviewing the federal compliance supplements related to the grants, and verify which of the fourteen compliance areas relate to each grant.

**Action to be taken:** The District will develop procedures to ensure grant compliance and will review offering of federal grant programs to private schools.

### WYOMING PUBLIC SCHOOLS SCHEDULE OF PRIOR YEAR AUDIT FINDINGS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

### **Section III - Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs**

### Finding 2012-1 Finding considered a material weakness.

**Federal Program:** Title I, Part A (CFDA # 84.010) and Title III (CFDA # 84.365A)

**Criteria:** Wyoming Public Schools is required to follow specific timekeeping requirements related to employee payroll charged to federal grants. OMB Circular A-87 11h4 states: where employees work on multiple activities or cost objectives, a distribution of their salary or wages will be supported by personnel activity reports or equivalent documentation which meets the standards in the distribution of salaries and wages to awards must be supported by personnel activity reports. Reports reflecting the distribution of activity of each employee must be maintained for all staff members whose compensation is charged in whole or in part, directly to awards. Budget estimates or other distribution percentages determined before the services are performed do not qualify as support for charges to Federal awards but may be used for interim accounting purposes, provided that certain conditions are met.

**Condition:** It was noted during our audit that the salaries, wages and related fringes related to split-funded individuals charged to the Title I and Title III grant were supported by personal activity reports but employees were unknowledgeable in distinguishing between various daily activity hours when completing their personal activity reports.

**Context:** The District's compliance staff was aware of the Personal Activity Report requirements but employees were unknowledgeable in distinguishing between various daily activity hours when completing their personal activity reports.

**Questioned Costs:** \$0 - In accordance with the guidance provided by the Kansas City office of Inspector General, the District was able to substantiate federally funded activity with other supporting documentation and therefore able to avoid any questioned costs related to this finding.

**Cause:** The District's compliance staff was aware of the specific federal timekeeping requirements but did not adequately train employees in the accuracy needed when reporting their daily activity hours when completing their personal activity reports.

**Effect:** Costs charged to this grant related to split-funded individuals were not documented in accordance with OMB Circular A-87. Because of the violation, the funding sources of the grant could request repayment of some of the grant funds charged for payroll-related charges.

### WYOMING PUBLIC SCHOOLS SCHEDULE OF PRIOR YEAR AUDIT FINDINGS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

**Recommendation:** We recommend Wyoming Public Schools establish improved controls for reviewing the federal compliance supplements related to the grants, and verify that adequate time keeping requirements are monitored and complied with. Personal Activity Reports should be used weekly to document the actual time spent on each activity by individuals allocating time to more than one activity. These time reports should account for the total number of hours worked by the individual and should be used to allocate the actual costs to the individual activities. These reports should be reviewed and reconciled on at least a quarterly basis. The District should also continue utilizing semi-annual certifications for employees fully charged to a federal program. It is our understanding District personnel are aware of the regulations have changed procedures to comply with federal regulations in the area of time reporting.

**Status:** The District improved the process over time and effort reporting and was in compliance for the year ended June 30, 2013.

### **Finding 2012-2**

**Federal Program:** Title III - CFDA #84.365A.

**Specific Requirement:** Private school grant notification.

**Criteria:** Wyoming Public Schools is required to follow specific requirements in notifying private schools of the opportunity to participate in the grant program.

**Condition:** The District was not offering Title III CFDA #84.365A federal grant program to private schools as required.

**Context:** The District's compliance staff was unaware that these grants were required to be offered to private schools.

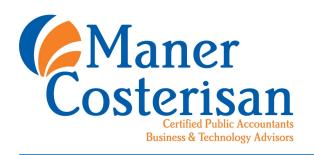
**Questioned Costs:** \$0

Cause: The District's compliance staff was unaware that these grants were required to be offered to private schools.

**Effect:** Because of violation, the funding sources of the grant could request repayment of some of the grant funds that could have been applied to private schools had they been notified of the opportunity to participate.

**Recommendation:** We recommend Wyoming Public Schools establish improved controls for reviewing the federal compliance supplements related to the grants, and verify which of the fourteen compliance areas relate to each grant.

**Status:** The District did not notify private schools of the opportunity to participate in Title III for the year ended June 30, 2013. See finding 2013-1.



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September 23, 2013

To the Board of Education Wyoming Public Schools

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of Wyoming Public Schools as of and for the year ended June 30, 2013, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, we considered Wyoming Public Schools' internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. However, during our audit, we noted certain matters involving the internal control and other operational matters that are presented for your consideration. This letter does not affect our report dated September 23, 2013 on the financial statements of Wyoming Public Schools. We will review the status of these comments during our next audit engagement. Our comments and recommendations, all of which have been discussed with appropriate members of management, are intended to improve the internal control or result in other operating efficiencies. We will be pleased to discuss these comments in further detail at your convenience, perform any additional study of these matters, or assist you in implementing the recommendations. Our comments are summarized as follows.

### **REPEAT COMMENTS**

### **Federal Draw Requests**

The District improved its tracking of federal expenditures for draw requests. However, we recommend the District continue improving the time tracking process in accordance with OMB A-87.

### **Recommendations for Using Password Access**

The District requires employees to use passwords to log into the network; however, password protocol has not been revised since passwords were introduced. We have the following recommendations for using passwords:

- Passwords should be at least six characters, preferably a combination of letters, numbers, and a symbol (such as a \$ or #). At least one character should be in uppercase.
- Passwords should not be obvious. For example, if the user name is the last name, the password should not be the person's first name.
- Every 90 days, the system should automatically request that the user reset the password.
- Passwords must not be reused within an 18 month-period.
- Users should be locked out after three consecutive failed login attempts.

The District recently changed its financial and student management software for the 2012 - 13 fiscal year. The District is in the process of reviewing the password recommendations.

### **Disaster Recovery Plan**

The District does not have well defined, written disaster recovery procedures. The time to make contingency plans is before disaster strikes, so that all personnel will be aware of their responsibilities in the event of an emergency situation that precludes the use of the existing EDP facilities. We suggest that management develop a disaster recovery plan that includes, but is not limited to, the following matters:

- Location of, and access to, off-site storage.
- A listing of all data files that would have to be obtained from the off-site storage location.
- Identification of a back-up location (name and telephone number) with similar or compatible equipment for emergency processing (management should make arrangements for such back-up with another company, a computer vendor, or a service center; the agreement should be in writing).
- Responsibilities of various personnel in an emergency.
- Priority of critical applications and reporting requirements during the emergency period.

The District is still in the process of developing a detailed disaster recovery plan.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management, and others within the District, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

We appreciate the cooperation we received from your staff during our engagement and the opportunity to be of service.

Very truly yours,

Many Costerisan PC



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September 23, 2013

To the Board of Education Wyoming Public Schools

We have audited the financial statements of Wyoming Public Schools for the year ended June 30, 2013, and have issued our report thereon dated September 23, 2013. Professional standards require that we provide you with the following information related to our audit.

Our Responsibility under Auditing Standards Generally Accepted in the United States of America and OMB Circular A-133

As stated in our engagement letter, our responsibility, as described by professional standards, is to express an opinion about whether the financial statements prepared by management with your oversight are fairly presented, in all material respects, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Our audit of the financial statements does not relieve you or management of your responsibilities.

In planning and performing our audit, we considered Wyoming Public Schools' internal control over financial reporting in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements and not to provide assurance on the internal control over financial reporting. We also considered internal control over compliance with requirement that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133.

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Wyoming Public Schools' financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed test of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit. Also in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, we examined, on a test basis, evidence about Wyoming Public Schools' compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement* applicable to each of its major federal programs for the purpose of expressing an opinion on Wyoming Public Schools' compliance with those requirements. While our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion, it does not provide a legal determination on Wyoming Public Schools' compliance with those requirements.

### Planned Scope and Timing of the Audit

We performed the audit according to the planned scope and timing previously communicated to you in our meeting about planning matters.

### Significant Audit Findings

### 1. Qualitative Aspects of Accounting Practices

Management is responsible for the selection and use of appropriate accounting policies. In accordance with the terms of our engagement letter, we will advise management about the appropriateness of accounting policies and their application. The significant accounting policies used by Wyoming Public Schools are described in Note 1 to the financial statements. During 2013 the District implemented Governmental Accounting Standard No. 62, Codification of Accounting and Financial Reporting Guidance, No. 63, Financial Reporting of Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Net Position, and No. 65, Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities. The application of existing policies was not changed during 2013. We noted no transactions entered into by the District during the year for which there is a lack of authoritative guidance or consensus. There are no significant transactions that have been recognized in the financial statements in a different period than when the transaction occurred.

Accounting estimates are an integral part of the financial statements prepared by management and are based on management's knowledge and experience about past and current events and assumptions about future events. Certain accounting estimates are particularly sensitive because of their significance to the financial statements and because of the possibility that future events affecting them may differ significantly from those expected. The most sensitive estimate affecting the financial statements was:

Management's estimate of the liability of the payout for the employee compensated absences upon their retirement is based on expected payout; the balance reported for compensated absences was approximately \$1,700,000. We evaluated the key factors and assumptions used to develop the balance of compensated absences in determining that it is reasonable in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

We also evaluated the key factors and assumptions management used to develop the estimated life span of the capital assets to determine that it is reasonable in relation to the financial statements taken as a whole. Certain amounts included in capital assets have been estimated based on an outside appraisal company.

Certain allocations on the statement of activities allocating revenue between instruction and support services have been used in preparing the statements.

The disclosures in the financial statements are neutral, consistent, and clear. Certain financial statement disclosures are particularly sensitive because of their significance to financial statement users. We did not identify any significant disclosures.

### 2. Difficulties Encountered in Performing the Audit

We encountered no significant difficulties in dealing with management in performing and completing our audit.

#### 3. Corrected and Uncorrected Misstatements

Professional standards require us to accumulate all known and likely misstatements identified during the audit, other than those that are trivial, and communicate them to the appropriate level of management. Management has corrected all such misstatements. In addition, none of the misstatements detected as a result of audit procedures and corrected by management were material, either individually or in the aggregate, to the financial statements taken as a whole.

### 4. Disagreements with Management

For purposes of this letter, professional standards define a disagreement with management as a financial accounting, reporting, or auditing matter, whether or not resolved to our satisfaction, that could be significant to the financial statements or the auditor's report. We are pleased to report that no such disagreements arose during the course of our audit.

### 5. *Management Representations*

We have requested certain representations from management that are included in the management representation letter dated September 23, 2013.

### 6. Management Consultations with Other Independent Accountants

In some cases, management may decide to consult with other accountants about auditing and accounting matters, similar to obtaining a "second opinion" on certain situations. If a consultation involves application of an accounting principle to the District's financial statements or a determination of the type of auditor's opinion that may be expressed on those statements, our professional standards require the consulting accountant to check with us to determine that the consultant has all the relevant facts. To our knowledge, there were no such consultations with other accountants.

### 7. Other Audit Findings or Issues

We generally discuss a variety of matters, including the application of accounting principles and auditing standards, with management each year prior to retention as the District's auditors. However, these discussions occurred in the normal course of our professional relationship and our responses were not a condition to our retention.

### 8. Other Information in Documents Containing Audited Financial Statements

With respect to the supplementary information accompanying the financial statements, we made certain inquiries of management and evaluated the form, content, and methods of preparing the information to determine that the information complies with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles, the method of preparing it has not changed from the prior period, and the information is appropriate and complete in relation to our audit of the financial statements. We compared and reconciled the supplementary information to the underlying accounting records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves.

This information is intended solely for the use of the Board of Education and management of Wyoming Public Schools and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Very truly yours,

Many Costerisan PC